A Journey Across America: California

Scope and Sequence

Chapter 1 The Discovery of California

Early Explorers and Conquistadors

- · Hernán Cortés
- Discovery of Baja California
- · California is not an island
- · First settlement in Baja California

Explorers of Alta California

- · The voyage of Juan Rodríguez Cabrillo
- · How to number centuries
- The discovery of San Diego Bay
- The landing of Francis Drake
- Discovery of Monterey

Chapter 2 California's First People

A Chumash Story

The Chumash: the "First People

- Villages
- · Houses and sweat lodges
- · Coastal and inland Chumash
- Government
- · Family life
- · Wars and battles
- Arts and technology
- · Provisioning: hunting, fishing, seeds, and acorns
- · Religion and magic
- · Ceremonies

The Indians of Alta California in General

- Population
- Languages
- · Village life
- Housing
- Hunter-gatherer culture
- The Mojave and Yuma and their agriculture
- · Arts and Technology
- · Wars and feuds
- · Religion and magic

Chapter 3 The Apostle of California

How Fray Junípero Serra became a Missionary

- Serra's youth
- The Franciscan and university professor
- Departure for the missions
- · Work in Mexico

The Settlement of Alta California

- Serra as president of the Baja California missions
- The expedition to Alta California
- The founding of San Diego Mission and Presidio
- The discovery of Monterey and the founding of Spanish Alta California

The California Missions

- The founding of Mission San Carlos Borromeo de Carmelo
- Serra's founding of seven other missions
- Revolt at San Diego
- Juan Bautista de Anza's expeditions
- · The Yuma revolt
- · The death of Serra

Chapter 4 Spanish California

Life in the California Missions

- · The Golden Age of the Missions
- · Fray Fermín Lasuén
- · Mission architecture

Alta California Grows

- The development of *ranchos*
- The Californios and rancho culture
- · Russian settlement in California

The Last Years of Spanish California

- · Revolution in Mexico
- · Effects of the revolution on California
- The San Joaquin Valley
- Expeditions into the San Joaquin Valley
- The pirate raids of Hippolyte de Bouchard

Chapter 5 California Becomes Mexican

California under Independent Mexico

- From empire to republic
- Mission Indian revolts
- · Secularization and destruction of the California Missions
- The developing rancho culture

The Americans Come to California

- Americans come by sea
- Americans come by land—Jedediah Smith and Joseph Reddeford Walker

Chapter 6 The Conquest of California

American Immigration into California

- · Pioneers by land
- · Manifest Destiny
- John Charles Frémont

The First Conquest of California

- · The Bear Flag Revolt
- · Commodore Sloat's invasion
- Commodore Stockton's conquest

The Californios fight back

- · Reconquest of Los Angeles
- The Battle of the Old Woman's Gun
- · The Battle of San Pasqual

California Conquered

Chapter 7 The Gold Rush

The Gold Rush

- · The discovery of gold
- The Forty-Niners
- · Life in the gold fields

The World Comes to California

- · What happened to Spanish California
- What happened to the Indians
- California's first American Catholic bishop

A New State

Chapter 8 Wars, Mails, and Rails

A New State Government

- · Political parties in California
- Anti-foreigner measures
- · African Americans in California

Connecting California to the East

- · Ships, stages, and the Pony Express
- Theodore Dehone Judah, the "Big Four," and the Central Pacific railroad

California and the Civil War

California After the Civil War

- The growth of San Francisco
- · California authors: Mark Twain and Bret Harte
- · The building of the Central Pacific Railroad

California's Last Indian War

Chapter 9 A Time of Growth and Struggle

John Muir: the Man Who Saved Yosemite

A Ranching and Farming Land

- Cattle raising
- Water for dry lands

Industry and Growing Cities

- Southern California grows
- The Los Angeles Aqueduct

California Goes Progressive

- A new constitution
- The Progressive movement
- The San Francisco earthquake

Chapter 10 How Today's California Came to Be

The State that Would Not Stop Growing

California Between the Wars

Hollywood

The 1920s and the Great Depression

- New immigrants
- · More water wanted

California in World War II

- War-time industries
- The atomic bomb

California after World War II

A Multi-cultural State

· Struggles for justice

A Journey Across America: The Great Plains States

Scope and Sequence

Chapter 1 A Journey Through the Great Plains

Origin of the Great Plains

- Osage Legend
- Geological history

States of the Great Plains

- Minnesota
- · North Dakota
- · South Dakota
- Nebraska
- Kansas
- Oklahoma
- Missouri
- Iowa

People of the Great Plains

- Hopewell
- Ojibwe
- Dakota
- Pawnee
- Kansa
- Osage

Climate of the Great Plains

Chapter 2 Spain and France on the Great Plains

Explorers, Missionaries, and Tribes

- · Christopher Columbus
- Hernán Cortés
- Marcos de Niza
- Francisco Vásquez de Coronado
- Quiviran people
- Juan de Padilla
- Hernando de Soto
- · Luis de Moscoso Alvarado
- · Juan de Oñate
- · Daniel Greysolon, Sieur Du Luth
- · Jacques Marquette and Louis Jolliet
- · Illini people
- René-Robert de La Salle
- Sauk and Fox tribes
- Julien Dubuque
- Pierre Laclède and Auguste Chouteau
- La Vérendrye family
- Mallet brothers
- Jean Baptise Bérnarde de la Harpe
- Claude Charles Du Tisné
- · Wichita people

Chapter 3 Settling the Louisiana Territory

The French and Indian War

Spanish Louisiana (1762-1800)

The Louisiana Purchase

Lewis and Clark Expedition

- · Corps of Discovery
- Sacagawea
- · Discovery of the Pacific Ocean

Settlers Move into Missouri and Iowa

- · Founding of Kansas City
- Founding of St. Charles
- Archdiocese of Dubuque becomes one of the first Catholic dioceses in the country

The Explorations of Zebulon Pike

- Pike makes a treaty with the Sioux for 100,000 acres of land
- Fort Snelling becomes Minneapolis

Father Galtier and the founding of St. Paul, Minnesota

The Indian Reserve

The Santa Fe Trail

Americans in Nebraska

Joseph Framboise in the Dakotas

Chapter 4 A Time of Conflict

The Missouri Compromise

Indian Wars on the Plains

- · Battle of the Sink Hole
- Battle of Chouteau Island
- · The Big Neck War
- The Black Hawk War
- The Battle of Raccoon River

Indian Removal Act

- Five Civilized Tribes
- Trail of Tears

The Mormon War of 1838

The Treaty of Traverse des Sioux in Minnesota

Chapter 5 The Turbulent 1850s

Rapid Growth of Eastern Iowa

- Grist Mills
- The Spirit Lake Massacre

Nebraska Territory

- The Omaha surrender their lands.
- The Omaha Claim Club

Military Forts along the Oregon Trail and other wagon routes

Annexation of California and other western territories

Compromise of 1850

Fugitive Slave Act

Kansas-Nebraska Act

Jayhawkers v. Border Ruffians in Kansas

Bleeding Kansas

The Dred Scott decision

Chapter 6 The Civil War

The Election of 1860 and the Secession Crisis

- · Abraham Lincoln
- Fort Sumter

The Great Plains in the War

- Missouri
- Kansas and the First Kansas Colored Infantry

Quantrill and the Lawrence Massacre

The James Gang

Shelby's Raid in Missouri

The Five Civilized Tribes

- · John Ross, pro-Union
- · Stand Watie, pro-Confederacy
- · Opothleyahola and the Trail of Blood on Ice
- The Union Invades Indian Territory

Battles of Westport and Mine Creek

Minnesota Sioux Uprising of 1862

The Homestead Act

Morrill Land Grant

Chapter 7 Settling the West

Railroads Come West

- · Boom Towns, Ranching, Industry
- · Cattle Drives and Barbed Wire

Hard Times on the Plains

- Tornadoes
- · Clashes Between Indians and Settlers
- Dakota Farmer's Alliance
- · National Grange of the Patrons of Husbandry

The Last Indian Wars

- Struggle for the Black Hills
- · Battle of The Little Bighorn and General Custer
- · Crazy Horse and Sitting Bull
- Wounded Knee

Indian Territory

- · Birth of Oklahoma
- Land Rushes

Catholic Church on the Plains

- · Father Francis Xavier Pierz
- Father Pierre-Jean De Smet

America's Breadbasket

Chapter 8 The Coming of the Modern World

A Mechanized Life

- McCormick's Reaper
- The Internal Combustion Engine developed in Germany
- Froelich's Gas-Powered Tractor
- International Harvester and John Deere Company

World War I

- Sinking of the Lusitania
- U.S. Declares War on Germany
- · German-Americans Suffer Harassment
- Great Plains Region Feeds the U.S. and European Allies

Segregation, Riots, and Race Problems

- · Blacks and Whites Segregated in Society
- Fights over Factory Jobs
- · Tulsa, Oklahoma Riot

Hard Times and Depression

- · Farms Go Bankrupt
- · The Great Depression
- · Closing of Banks

Depression-Era Crime

- · Bonnie and Clyde
- Prohibition
- John Dillinger

Dust Bowl

- · Destitute Farm Families
- New Deal on the Plains
- Civilian Conservation Corps (CCC)
- End of the Depression

Chapter 9 The Second World War and Beyond

The Nuclear Age

- The Atomic Bomb
- · The Cold War
- · Nuclear Power Plants
- Rise of the Cities and Large, Corporate Farms and Ranches

The Civil Rights Movement

- Formation of the NAACP
- · Brown v. Board of Education
- · Sit-ins for Desegregation
- · Race Riots in Omaha, Nebraska
- President Johnson signs the Civil Rights Act of 1964

Civil Rights for Native Americans

- · General Allotment Act
- U.S. Citizenship for Native Americans
- · Indian Civil Rights Act of 1968
- The American Indian Movement
- · Legal fight over the Black Hills of South Dakota

Industry and the Natural World

- · Oil and Natural Gas Discovered on the Great Plains
- Environmental Protection and Conservation

Challenges Today

- · Smaller Farm Population
- Job Loss
- · Water Shortage

Great Plains Catholics Yesterday and Today

- Ethnic Nature of Parishes on the Plains
- Boys Town, Nebraska
- Fewer Priests
- Pope John Paul II Visits St. Louis

A Journey Across America: The Northeast States

Scope and Sequence

Introduction A Trip through the Northeast Today

The Northeast Today

- · New York City
- · The Five Boroughs
- · Philadelphia
- Pittsburgh
- Boston

Chapter 1 The Native Americans Meet the English

Early English-Indian Contacts

- Squanto
- Trade

The Native People

- Wampanoag
- Mi'kmaq
- Iroquois and Algonquian Nations

Banding Together

- Great League of Peace
- · Native religion

Chapter 2 The Founding of New England

The Founding Farmers

- Settlers and the natives
- Separatists
- · Plymouth

New Colonies

- · Merry Mount or not
- Puritans
- Praying Indians
- · King Philip's War

The King and the People

- · Boston revolt
- · England and trade
- The Glorious Revolution
- The revolt against Royal Governor Andros

Chapter 3 The Founding of New York and New Jersey

Missionaries and Explorers

- Isaac Jogues
- Christopher Columbus
- Henry Hudson
- Giovanni da Verrazzano
- Kieft and Bogardus

New Colonies

- New York
- New Jersey

Chapter 4 Penn's Woods: Quakers Settle Pennsylvania and New Jersey

Penn and England

- William Penn, father and son
- · Quakers in England
- · Paying a debt

Penn's Woods

- Setting up a new colony
- A frame of government
- Penn arrives
- · Back to England
- The return home
- Pennsylvania after Penn's death

Chapter 5 The Colonies Grow Up

Danger on the High Seas

- Pirates in the Caribbean
- Pirate or privateer
- Pirates in New York

Living in the Colonies

- · Living quarters
- The latest arrivals
- Learning from others

War in the Colonies

- The French and Indian War
- George Washington
- France and Great Britain

Chapter 6 Revolution and a New Government

A New Nation

- Dispute over taxes
- Massacre in Boston

Start of the Revolution

- · Lexington and Concord
- Loyalists and patriots
- Battles of the Revolution

Continental Congress

- Making laws
- Setting up a government
- · Foreign aid

The War is Over

- Paying for the war
- A new constitution
- Statehood for Vermont
- The Whiskey Rebellion

Chapter 7 The New Nation

Political Parties

- Federalists
- Republicans

Another War

- The War of 1812
- Rise of the Democratic Party

The Changing Country

- Robert Fulton
- Catholic growth and nativist anger
- Dagger John

Chapter 8 The Northeast and the Civil War

Slavery

- Antislavery and abolitionism
- Secession of the southern states

Civil War

- Northern and southern states
- President Lincoln
- Gettysburg

Chapter 9 Work in the Northeast Region

The Growth of Industry

- Industry pre- and post-Civil War
- Andrew Carnegie
- Worker demands
- Strikes and unions

A New President

- Monopolies and corruption
- Theodore Roosevelt

A New Era

- World War I
- The Great Depression
- Another Roosevelt
- World War II
- The unique Northeast

A Journey Across America: The Northwest and Mountain States, Hawai'i

Scope and Sequence

Chapter 1 Before the Europeans Came

Regions of the Northwest

- Alaska
- Idaho
- Montana
- Nevada
- Oregon
- Washington
- Wyoming

Early Inhabitants/First Peoples

- · Nez Percé
- Chinook
- Flathead
- · Athabascan
- Yup'ik
- Cup'ik
- Iñupiaq (Eskimos)
- Aleuts
- Southern Paiute
- · Western Shoshone
- · Northern Shoshone
- Eastern Shoshone
- · Northern Paiute
- Blackfoot
- Sioux

Chapter 2 The Coming of the Europeans

The First Explorers

· Captain James Cook

Early Explorers and Settlements ("Oregon Country")

- · Louisiana Purchase
- Lewis and Clark
- · Dr. John McLoughlin
- · John Jacob Astor
- Astoria
- · American Methodists
- Father François Norbert Blanchet
- Father Modeste Demers

Northern Pacific Coast Explorers and Settlements

- Spokane House
- Captain Vitus Bering

Explorers of the Mountain States

- François Gaultier de Varennes de la Vérendrye
- Louis-Joseph Gaultier de Varennes de la Vérendrye
- · John Colter
- · Robert Stuart

Chapter 3 Expanding into the West

Missionaries in the Northwest

- Father François Norbert Blanchet
- Father Modeste Demers
- · Marcus and Narcissa Whitman
- · Father Pierre-Jean De Smet
- · Augustin Magloire Blanchet

Manifest Destiny

- "Go west, young man."
- Migration into the Far West

Chapter 4 The Draw of the West

The Oregon Trail

- The "Great Migration"
- Nathaniel Wyeth
- · The Rev. Jason Lee
- The Peoria Party
- · Organic Act

Other Trails

- Bozeman Trail
- · California Trail
- Mormon Trail
- · Santa Fe Trail

Oregon Border Dispute

- 1818 Treaty between Great Britain and the United States
- "54-40 or Fight"
- Mexican-American War
- The Pig War

Chapter 5 How Manifest Destiny Changed the West

Ways to Communicate

- Pony Express
- Transcontinental telegraph

Conflicts with Native Peoples

- Treaty of Fort Laramie
- · Treaty of Fort Wise
- · Chief Seattle
- · Treaty of Point Elliott
- Yakama War
- Puget Sound War

Slavery in the West

Western Settlement Laws

- · Donation Land Claim Act of 1850
- Homestead Act of 1862

Chapter 6 The Civil War Years

Effects of the Civil War on the Northwest and Mountain Regions

- Oregon
- Washington
- Idaho
- · Montana
- Wyoming
- Nevada
- Alaska

Indian Wars in the Northwest and Mountain Regions

- · Snake War
- Bear River Massacre (or Massacre at Boa Ogoi)
- War with the Cheyenne

Influential People of the Northwest and Mountain Regions

- · Edward Dickinson Baker
- Richard Gholson
- · Francis Emroy Warren

Chapter 7 The West Takes Shape

Railroads Across the Continent

- · Transcontinental Railroad
- Homestead Act
- · The Northern Pacific Railroad
- · The Great Northern Railroad

Last Indian Wars in the Northwest

- · Bozeman Trail
- The Sioux
- The Northern Cheyenne
- · The Arapaho
- Treaty of Fort Laramie
- Battle of the Little Bighorn
- · Chief Joseph and the Nez Percé

West Takes Shape

- · "Wild West"
- · Conservation Movement
- Yellowstone National Park
- Oregon
- Washington
- Idaho
- Montana
- Wyoming
- Johnson County Cattle War
- Women and the suffrage
- The purchase of Alaska
- Gold Rushes in the Yukon and Alaska

Missions in the Northwest

- Father Pierre-Jean de Smet
- Father Nicholas Point
- · St. Mary's Mission
- Mother Amadeus Dunne
- · Archbishop Charles-Jean Seghers

The Klondike Gold Rush and the Settlement of Alaska

Chapter 8 The Northwest Through War and Depression

Northwest during World War I

- · Oregon
- · Senator Harry Lane
- Washington
- Idaho
- Alaska
- Montana
- · Jeannette Rankin
- Wyoming
- Nevada
- Hard Times
- Hoover Dam
- Ku Klux Klan in Oregon
- Walter Pierce
- Great Depression
- · President Franklin Roosevelt and the New Deal

The Northwest during World War II

- Pearl Harbor
- War in Alaska's Aleutian Islands
- The war and Oregon
- Japanese balloon launches
- Japanese internment camps
- · Hiroshima and Nagasaki

Chapter 9 Into the 21st Century

The Catholic Church in the Northwest

- Catholic population
- Oregon Compulsory Education Act
- Sisters of the Holy Names of Jesus and Mary
- Pierce v. Society of Sisters

Oregon in Today's World

- Civil Rights Movement
- Population
- Industries

Washington in Today's World

- Industries
- Farming/Mining/Logging

Alaska in Todav's World

- Path to statehood (1916–1959)
- Prudhoe Bay
- Trans-Alaska Pipeline
- Exxon Valdez disaster
- Population

Wyoming in Today's World

- Nellie Tayloe Ross
- Industries
- Population

Montana in Today's World

- Natural Resources
- · Industries
- Population

Idaho in Today's World

- · Gem State
- Industries

Nevada in Today's World

- Economy
- · Nuclear Weapons testing ground

Hawai'i

Chapter 1 A Kingdom in the Sea

First discoveries of Hawai'ian archipelago

- · Native culture of the Hawai'ian Islands
- · ali'i
- · maka'ainanas
- кари

Europe Comes to Hawai'i

· Captain James Cook

King Kamehameha the Great

- Rise to power
- Union of the Hawai'ian Islands

Kamehameha II

- Ka'ahumanu and the suppression of the native religion
- · Protestant Christian missionaries

Kamehameha III

- · Catholic missionaries
- New laws and a constitution

Kamehameha IV and Queen Emma

Kamehameha V

A New Dynasty

- · Decline of native population
- Sugar production

Chapter 2 American Islands

The Last Days of the Hawai'ian Kingdom

- King David Kalakaua
- · Hawai'ian League
- · Bayonet Constitution
- · Queen Lili'uokalani

Republic of Hawai'i

- · Sandford B. Dole
- Independent republic
- Annexation

American Territory

- Organic Act
- Military bases
- Sugar
- · Pineapples
- Immigration
- · World War II
- · Statehood and beyond

A Journey Across America: The Southwest States

Scope and Sequence

Chapter 1 The Land and Its First Peoples

Geography of the Southwest

- Rocky Mountains
- · Continental Divide
- · Great Plains
- · Coastal Plains
- Basin and Range Province
- · Colorado River
- · Grand Canyon

Early Peoples of the Southwest

- · Clovis Culture
- · Folsom Culture
- Cochise Culture
- Ancestral Pueblo Culture
- · Mogollan and Hohokam peoples

Chapter 2 The Spanish in the Southwest

Pueblo Peoples

- · Hopi
- Zuñi
- Ácoma

Other Native American Nations

- · Apache
- · Jumano
- Comanche

Spanish Explorers

- Alvar Nuñez Cabeza de Vaca
- Fray Marcos de Niza
- Estevanico
- Francisco Vásquez de Coronado
- Juan de Oñate

Native American Cities

- Hawiku
- · The Seven Cities of Cibola

The Founding of the First Spanish Settlements

- · San Juan
- Santa Fé
- · El Camino Real de Tierra Adentro

Chapter 3 The Colony of New Mexico

Colonies and Missions

- · Juan de Oñate
- Franciscan missionaries
- Patronato real (the Royal Patronage)

The Mission System

- The mission ideal
- · Faith and culture
- · The problem with Spanish laws in America
- · Mistreatment, wars, and disease

Drought

The Pueblo Revolt

- Popé
- Antonio de Otermín
- The abandonment of Santa Fé
- · Diego de Vargas
- · New Mexico back under Spanish control

Arizona Missions

· Father Eusebio Kino

Chapter 4 A New Age for the Southwest

First Settlements in Texas

- · Spain vs. France
- · Establishment of Texas missions and presidios
- · Louisiana

A New Nation Meets the Southwest

- Birth of the United States of America
- · The port of New Orleans
- The Louisiana Purchase

The War of Mexican Independence

- · Spain loses Mexico
- New Mexico colony changes hands
- Santa Fé Trail opened between U.S. and Mexico

Mountain Men

Fur trapping

Chapter 5 The Making of Texas

Spanish Texas

- Mexican independence
- · Trouble with squatters
- Tejas y Coahuila becomes a state in Mexico

Anglo-Americans in Texas

- The empresarios
- · Stephen Austin
- · Origin of the Texas Rangers

Slavery

- · Mexicans against slavery
- · Slavery and the Catholic Church

Texas in Turmoil

- · Mexicans against slavery
- · Mexico outlaws Anglo-American immigration and slavery.
- · Taxing the Anglo-Americans
- Taxing imports into Texas
- · Texians against the Mexican army
- The Texas Convention

Revolution

- · Antonio López de Santa Anna
- · Battle at the Alamo
- Defeat of the Mexican army at the

San Jacinto River

• The Battle of San Jacinto and Texas independence

The Republic of Texas

- Comanche and Cherokee forced out of Texas
- Sam Houston and other Native American nations

The Lone Star State

- · Texas a U.S. state
- Disagreement over Texas' border
- · The Mexican-American War
- The Treaty of Guadalupe Hidalgo
- California and New Mexico become U.S. possessions.
- The Civil War
- Juneteenth

Chapter 6 The North Southwest: Utah and Colorado

The Ute Nation

- · Creation myths
- The introduction of horses
- More contact with Europeans and other Native American nations

Fur Trappers

- First Europeans in Colorado and Utah
- · Trappers' forts, goods, and trade
- · Conflict and disease
- · Making maps and guiding American settlers

Gold Rush

- Many settlers come to Colorado
- Growth of cities
- Colorado Territory
- · Native American removal
- · Completion of the Denver-Pacific Railway

The Mormons

- · Death of Joseph Smith
- Brigham Young leads Mormons to the Great Salt Lake
- Creation of Utah Territory
- Mormon polygamy
- · Utah War

Transcontinental Railroad

- · Mining in Utah
- · More settlers
- · Removal of Utes to reservations

Utah Becomes a State

Mormons give up polygamy

Paydirt and Evangelization

- · William, Oliver, and Levi Russell
- · Bishop Joseph Machebeuf

Chapter 7 Sister Territories: New Mexico and Arizona

From Spain, Through Mexico, to America

- Mexican independence from Spain
- Secularization of the missions
- Santa Fé Trail
- New Mexico a U.S. territory
- Gadsden Purchase

The Civil War

- New Mexico territory split in two, north and south
- Battle of Glorieta Pass
- Congress divides New Mexico Territory, east and west.

Clashes with the Native Nations

- Peace treaties made and broken
- The Navajo and "The Long Walk" to Fort Sumner
- · Manuelito and the Navajo return to their homeland
- · Apache Wars
- Cochise
- · Geronimo

Taming the Wild West

- · Cowboys and vaqueros
- Buffalo Soldiers
- Archbishop Jean Baptiste Lamy
- Gangs and corruption

Arizona and New Mexico Become States

- Anti-Catholic sentiment
- Railroads
- Laws and taxes

Chapter 8 The Southwest in the 20th Century and Beyond

Texas Oil Boom

- · Raw materials for mass production
- Speculators in Texas
- The Lucas Gusher

Southwestern Tourism

- Fred Harvey's hotels and restaurants
- Harvey Girls
- · Expansion of railroads
- Ford's automobile

World War I in the Southwest

- Sharecroppers flock to the cities
- Women work in new jobs
- · Post-war economic boom

Difficult Times

- 1929 financial crisis
- · Drought

World War II

- Military bases
- The Manhattan Project
- Japanese internment camps
- · Bombing Japan
- Navajo Code Talkers

The Southwest Seeks Justice

- Segregation
- · Civil Rights Movement
- César Chavez

Technology Boom

A Journey Across America: The Great Lakes States

Scope and Sequence

Chapter 1 Before the Europeans

Legends of the Great Lakes

- Mishi Peshu
- · Gitchigami

The Great Lakes

- Formation
- Names and locations

Early Inhabitants

- Hopewell
- Mississippi Culture
- · The Adena
- · Potawatomi
- Ottawa
- Ojibwe
- Winnebago
- · Sioux
- · The Illini
- · Nomadic tribes

Chapter 2 The Age of French Exploration

The First Europeans

- · The French in America
- · Champlain

Early Explorers and Missionaries

- · Étinenne Brülé
- · Jean Nicolet
- · Father Jacques Marquette
- Louis Jolliet
- · René-Robert Cavelier, Sieur de La Salle
- Father Claude Allouez
- Antoine de Cadillac

Chapter 3 The Colonial Era

French Colonies

- The powerful French
- · The Western Missions

French, the Indians, and the British

- · The Iroquois
- The French and Indian War
- · Pontiac's Rebellion

Chapter 4 The War of Independence

British Rule

- · The Proclamation of 1763
- · The British Parliament and the American Colonies
- The Revolutionary War begins

Revolutionary War

- George Rogers Clark
- · The Gnadenhütten Massacre

- · Indians in the War
- The Battle of Yorktown
- · Treaty of Paris

Chapter 5 Statehood Comes to the Great Lakes

The Northwest Territory

- The Western Confederacy
- The Battle of Fallen Timbers
- The Treaty of Greenville

The Challenges of Becoming a State

- Slave state or free?
- The War of 1812
- Border battles
- The Blackhawk War

Chapter 6 Settling the Great Lakes States

Changes to the Region

- Immigration
- Transportation
- Industry
- · Indian Removal Act

The Slavery Question

- The antislavery movement
- Underground Railroad
- The Republican Party and Abraham Lincoln

Chapter 7 Civil War and the Rise of Industry

The Civil War

- The war begins
- The war and the Great Lakes region
- · Post-war recovery

Production and Prosperity

- · Important people and their businesses
- · Railroads
- Agriculture
- · Oil and gas
- Mining
- Automobiles

Chapter 8 The Twentieth Century

From Boom to Bust

- The Golden Age of the automobile
- Workers unions
- The Great Depression

World War II

- · America joins the war
- Women join the war effort

The Immigrant Church

· Mission territory

· Catholic immigrants

Civil Rights Era

- Segregation
- · Civil Rights movement and activism
- Riots

Problems and Challenges

- · Organized crime
- Factories and pollution
- Environmental protections

Chapter 9 The Great Lakes Today

Modern Marvels and Real Struggles

- · Engineering marvels
- Slowdown of manufacturing
- Outsourcing and the decline of companies

Changing Neighborhoods

- Minorities and the big cities
- Crime and corruption

Changing Businesses

- Factories
- Tourism
- Shipping and transportation

Environmental Challenges and Signs of Hope

From Sea to Shining Sea: The Story of America

Scope and Sequence

Chapter 1 A New World

Legendary Explorers

- St. Brendan
- · Eric the Red
- · Leif Ericsson
- · Thorfinn Karlsefni and the settlement of Vinland
- Madoc

Christopher Columbus

- · Early life
- · His plan to reach the Indies by sailing westward
- First voyage and the establishment of the first Spanish colony in the New World
- · Second voyage
- · Third voyage and the discovery of South America
- · Fourth voyage

Other Spanish Explorers

- · Amerigo Vespucci and the naming of America
- Juan Ponce de León and the discovery of Florida
- Vasco Núñez de Balboa and the discovery of the Pacific Ocean

Chapter 2 Conquest of the New World

Hernán Cortés

- early life
- · settlement in Cuba
- expedition to Mexico
- · the legend of Quetzalcoatl
- · entrance into Tenochtitlán, capture of Montezuma
- · return to, and conquest of, Tenochtitán
- · rebuilding of Mexico

Hernando De Soto

- · Pizarro and the conquest of Peru
- expedition into Florida
- discovery of the Mississippi
- · death of De Soto and the return of his men to Mexico

Francisco Vásquez de Coronado

- · search for the "Seven Cities of Cibola"
- · explorations of New Mexico and the Gran Quivira
- return to Mexico of all but the priest, Fray Juan Padilla and companions

Chapter 3 Conquistadors of Christ

Fray Bartolomé de las Casas

- · arrival in the "Indies"
- · becomes a defender of the Indians
- in Spain
- becomes bishop of Chiapas
- King Charles I helps the Indians

Our Lady of Guadalupe

• Juan de Zumarrága becomes bishop of Mexico

- his struggles with the Royal Audience
- · appearance of Our Lady to Juan Diego
- · miracle of the roses and the tilma

Missions in New Mexico

- · mission and martyrdom of Fray Juan de Padilla
- · Popé's rebellion; Spanish New Mexico destroyed
- restoration of Spanish New Mexico

Fray Junípero Serra

- early missionary activities in Mexico and Baja California
- establishment of the missions of Alta California
- struggles with the Spanish governor; Indian rebellion
- · death

Chapter 4 France in the New World

First French Explorers

- France's rivalry with Spain
- Giovanni da Verrazano
- Jacques Cartier

Samuel Champlain and the Founding of Canada

- voyages to the New World and exploration of the St. Lawrence
- · Indians of Canada
- foundation of Quebec
- French settlement farmers and trappers
- discovery of Lake Champlain and of Lakes Huron and Ontario
- British capture of Quebec
- · restoration of Ouebec to France

French Missions

- missionary labors and martyrdoms of FathersJean de Brébeuf, Isaac Jogues, and Charles Garnier
- · Henry Hudson—sidebar
- · Kateri Tekakwitha

Foundation of Louisiana

- Louis Joliet and Jacques Marquette explore the Mississippi
- René de la Salle explores and founds Louisiana
- · La Salle's subsequent exploration and death
- · founding of New Orleans

Chapter 5 England Comes to AmericaEarly English Exploration

- · John Cabot
- Exploration hiatus the Protestant Reformation

English Adventurers and First Settlement

- · Sir Francis Drake
- Sir Walter Raleigh and attempts to settle "Virginia"
- Roanoke colony

Jamestown

· foundation of Jamestown

- · Captain John Smith saves the colony
- · Pocohontas
- · John Rolfe brings tobacco to Virginia
- · John Rolfe marries Pocohontas; her death

Plymouth, Massachusetts Bay and the Foundation of New England

- the Saints and the Mayflower
- · Plymouth saved; the first Thanksgiving
- · Puritans settle Massachusetts Bay; foundation of Boston
- foundation of Rhode Island and the Connecticut colonies
- · King Philip's War

Founding of Maryland

- Lord Baltimore founds Maryland as a haven for Catholics
- · Maryland establishes freedom of religion
- · Cromwell's rule in England and its effects in Maryland
- restoration of the Stuart kings and its effect on Maryland
- · Maryland establishes penal laws against Catholics

Founding of New York

- England conquers the Dutch American colonies
- King Charles I gives colonies to his brother, James, the Duke of York; the new colony named New York
- · character of New York colony

Founding of Pennsylvania

- · William Penn becomes a Quaker
- King Charles II grants Penn a colony; founding of Pennsylvania
- Pennsylvania grants religious freedom; various groups, including Catholics, settle there.
- · development of Pennsylvania

Chapter 6 The Battle for North America

Destruction of Spanish Missions in Florida and Georgia

- founding of St. Augustine, Florida, and of the Spanish missions
- destruction of the Georgia missions
- destruction of the west Florida missions
- · Queen Anne's War assaults against Spanish Florida
- War of Jenkins' Ear

War of Jenkins' Ear

A Man Named Washington

- · mission to Fort Duquesne
- · battle of Great Meadows

French and Indian War

- war on the Virginia frontier
- Washington's deeds during the war
- British reverses
- · William Pitt becomes prime minister
- conquest of Quebec
- the fall of New France
- · Pontiac's war

Chapter 7 If This Be Treason...

Parliament Taxes the Colonists

- the Stamp Act
- protests against the Stamp Act

- the Stamp Act Congress
- the Declaratory Act
- · Townshend Acts and their repeal

Radicals Fight Parliament

- · the Boston Massacre
- · the Boston Tea Party

Parliament Strikes Back

- the Boston Port Act
- further colonial protests
- First Continental Congress
- · Battle of Lexington and Concord

Chapter 8 The Revolutionary War

First Battles

- Benedict Arnold and Ethan Allen take Fort Ticonderoga
- Battle of Bunker Hill

The Colonies Declare Independence

- George Washington commands Continental Army
- Common Sense
- · Second Continental Congress
- Declaration of Independence
- · Loyalists fight back

War in the North

- · Battles of Trenton and Princeton
- First and Second Battles of Freeman's Farm (Saratoga)
- · treaty of friendship with France
- · General Howe takes Philadelphia

War in the South

- · American defeats
- Benedict Arnold's treason
- King's Mountain
- Nathaniel Greene's victories
- victory at Yorktown
- Second Continental Congress

End of the War

Chapter 9 How we got our Constitution

Troubles After the Revolution

- Shays' Rebellion
- the Articles of Confederation and their weaknesses

A New Constitution

- the Constitutional convention
- · controversies at the convention
- the writing of the Constitution, with a description of its major parts
- the convention approves the Constitution
- fight for ratification
- · the Constitution ratified
- · George Washington becomes the first president
- the Bill of Rights

Chapter 10 The Early Days of a New Nation

Under President Washington

- what political parties are and how we got them
- the first political parties Federalists and Republicans

- · Daniel Boone
- · Indian wars in the West
- · Washington's farewell speech
- · death of Washington

Under President Adams

- · controversies between Federalists and Republicans
- · Alien and Sedition Acts
- election of 1800
- the building of Washington, D.C.
- · Jefferson's inaugural address
- the first political parties

Chapter 11 Catholics in the Early United States

Catholics and the American Revolution

- · life before and after the Revolution
- Charles and Daniel Carroll, Catholic founding fathers

America's First Bishop

- · John Carroll's early life
- John Carroll becomes Prefect Apostolic for the United States
- John Carroll becomes first bishop for the United States
- the founding of Georgetown University
- · life before and after the Revolution
- · Charles and Daniel Carroll, Catholic founding fathers

Converts and Missionaries

- Elizabeth Ann Seton
- the frontier Church Benedict Joseph Flaget and Simon Bruté de Remur
- Prince Demetrius Augustin Gallitzin and the founding of Loretto

Bishop Carroll Dedicates America to Our Lady

Chapter 12 The Young Republic Grows

A New Frontier

- the Louisiana Purchase
- · the Lewis and Clark Expedition

Troubles with Great Britain and France

- · the British navy impresses American sailors
- the British and French seize American merchant ships
- the Little Belt vs. the President
- the War Hawks push for war
- · the United States declares war on Great Britain

The War of 1812

- · invasion of Canada
- · the British invade Michigan and Indiana
- · William Henry Harrison and George Croghan
- · Commodore John Rodgers' victories at sea
- · Commodore Oliver Hazard Perry and victory on Lake Erie
- · Commodore Chauncey sacks Toronto
- the British burn Washington, D.C.
- the Battle of Fort McHenry and the "Star Spangled Banner"
- the victories of General Andrew Jackson in the South
- · the Battle of New Orleans
- · the Treaty of Ghent and the end of the war

Chapter 13 In the Days of Old Hickory

Postwar Years

- · Andrew Jackson's invasion of Spanish Florida
- the United States purchases Florida from Spain
- slavery in the United States
- Eli Whitney and the cotton gin
- the Missouri Compromise

President Jackson

- · election of 1824
- President John Quincy Adams
- Andrew Jackson becomes president
- · the controversy with South Carolina
- Jackson kills the Bank of the United States

Indian Wars

- Black Hawk War
- Sequoia of the Cherokee
- · the "Trail of Tears"
- · Osceola and the Seminole War

The Texas War for Independence

- American settlement in Texas
- · controversies with Mexico
- the Texian rebellion
- the Battle of the Alamo
- the Battle of San Jacinto and the defeat of Mexican general Santa Anna
- the Republic of Texas

Chapter 14 The Fight for the Far West

Americans Move West

- · Mountainy Men
- · Jedediah Smith
- American pioneers and their settlement in California and Oregon

Revolution in California

- John C. Frémont's expedition to California
- · the Bear Flag Revolt

War with Mexico

- controversies with Mexico
- · Zachary Taylor crosses to the Rio Grande
- Mexican forces attack American troops on the Rio Grande
- · the United States declares war on Mexico
- General Zachary Taylor invades Mexico from the north
- General Winfield Scott invades Mexico from Vera Cruz
- Battle of Cerro Gordo
- · assault on Chapultepec
- the San Patrícios
- Scott captures Mexico City
- · Treaty of Guadalupe Hidalgo and the end of the war

Chapter 15 America Between the Wars

The Gold Rush in California

- California after the war
- the discovery of gold on the American River
- · settlers flock to California
- life in California during and after the Gold Rush

Slavery Divides the Nation

- the abolitionists
- the South and slavery

- · William Lloyd Garrison
- · Frederick Douglass
- Sojourner Truth
- · Harriet Tubman and the Underground Railroad
- Elijah Lovejoy
- Southern responses to the abolitionists
- Henry Clay and the Compromise of 1850
- Kansas-Nebraska Act
- Bleeding Kansas

John Brown's Body

- the successes of the Republican party
- John Brown and the capture of Harper's Ferry
- the Dred Scott decision
- the election of 1860 Lincoln elected president
- South Carolina secedes from the union
- secession of the southern Gulf states
- the institution of the Confederate States of America
- Jefferson Davis elected President of the Confederate States of America

Chapter 16 The Civil War, Part 1

The War Begins

- · Fort Sumter
- President Lincoln calls for the suppression of the rebellion
- the southern border states secede and join the Confederacy
- · the First Battle of Manassas, or Bull Run
- George Brinton McClellan becomes commander of the Army of the Potomac
- General Ulysses S. Grant captures Forts Henry and Donelson
- Battle of the Virginia and the Monitor
- · Battle of Shiloh
- the fall of New Orleans

General Lee Turns the Tide

- McClellan and the Federal army march on Richmond
- Battle of the Seven Days—Robert E. Lee drives McClellan from Richmond
- · Second Battle of Manassas
- Lee invades Maryland

A War for Freedom

- Battle of Sharpsburg (Antietam)
- President Lincoln issues the Emancipation Proclamation

Chapter 17 The Civil War, Part 2

Confederate Victories and Defeats

- Lincoln issues the Emancipation Proclamation
- · Battle of Fredericksburg
- · Battle of Chancellorsville
- · Lee invades Pennsylvania
- · Battle of Gettysburg
- · General Ulysses S. Grant captures Vicksburg
- Battle of Murfreesboro
- · Battle of Chattanooga
- the Gettysburg Address

The Last Year of the War

- General Grant becomes commander of all Federal forces
- · Grant pushes Lee to Richmond
- · siege of Richmond

- · Sherman takes Atlanta
- · Sherman's march to the sea
- Sherman marches through South Carolina into North Carolina
- · Grant takes Richmond
- Lee surrenders to Grant at Appomattox Court House
- Lincoln assassinated
- the last Confederate generals surrender

Chapter 18 The Wild West

The Nation After the War

- · the Radical Republicans and their rule
- the sufferings of blacks and whites in the South
- new amendments to the Constitution
- homesteaders and cowboys
- · the intercontinental railroad

Indian Wars in the West

- · wars with the Plains Indians
- Father Pierre-Jean De Smet
- Battle of the Little Bighorn
- · the defeat of the Sioux
- Chief Joseph
- Cochise
- Geronimo
- Wounded Knee

Chapter 19 Land of Steel and Steam

Big Business

- · inventions and inventors
- captains of capitalism
- life of the workers

Workers Organize

- the Molly Maguires
- the Great Strikes of 1877
- the rise of labor unions
- Mother Jones
- Homestead strike
- · Pullman strike
- farmers organize

Chapter 20 Catholics in America

Catholic Life in the United States

- · growth of the Church in America
- · immigration
- persecution of Catholics in America
- famous American Catholics

Christ Bearers

- Bishop John Nepomucene Neumann
- Mother Maria Francesca Cabrini
- Rose Hawthorne Lathrop

Catholics in the Early Twentieth Century

- Catholics become American
- Dorothy Day, Peter Maurin, and the Catholic Worker movement
- Rose Hawthorne Lathrop

All Ye Lands: World Cultures and Geography

Scope and Sequence

Chapter 1: Introduction to Geography

What Geography Is

- · The relation of geography to history
- · Geography as "earth writing"

Reading Maps

- · Physical geography and political geography
- Globes and flat maps; Mercator and Robinson Projection maps
- · Geographical directions
- · Latitude and longitude
- · Map directions, legend or key, scale

The Continents

- · Plate tectonics
- The seven continents and other landmasses
- Mountains, volcanoes, plains, and deserts
- · Oceans, seas, lakes, and rivers

Climates

Chapter 2: Prehistory: Beginning Man's Story

Man's Prehistory

- · Old and New Stone Age
- Life in the Old Stone Age
- The New Stone Age and the development of farming

Sumer and Its Civilization

- Sumerian religion
- Sumerian inventions
- · Life in Sumer
- The Gilgamesh epic
- · What happened to Sumer

Egypt, the First Nation

- · Early human society along the Nile
- The union of Upper and Lower Egypt
- · Egyptian writing
- · Life and death in Egypt
- · The pyramids
- · The pharaohs
- · Egypt's legacy

Chapter 3: The Mission of Israel

The beginnings of Israel

- · Abraham and Sarah
- The Exodus
- The Commandments

Israel in the Promised Land

- Joshua
- · The Philistines
- · The Phoenicans develop an alphabet
- Samson
- King Saul

- · David and his kingdom
- Solomon
- · Assyria and Babylon

The Prophets

- Jeremiah
- Daniel

Exile and Return

· Israel under Persia

Chapter 4: The Marvelous Greeks

The geography of Greece

The Homeric myths

• The *Iliad* and *Odyssey*

Aesop

The Greek City-State

- Sparta
- · Athens and democracy
- · Draco and Solon
- · Cleisthenes and the Council of 500

War with Persia

- · The Battle of Marathon
- Thermopylae
- · Victory over the Persians

The Golden Age of Greece

- · The Delian League
- · The age of Pericles

The Peloponnesian War

· Alcibiades and the defeat of Athens

Socrates, Plato, and Aristotle

Hippocrates

Alexander the Great

The Greek Legacy

Chapter 5: Eternal Rome

Geography of Italy

Rome's legendary beginnings

- The legends of Aeneas and of Romulus and Remus
- The patricians
- The founding of the Roman Republic
- The plebeians

The Development of the Roman Empire

- The Punic Wars
- The expansion of the empire and the effects of that expansion

The Rise of the Caesars

- The civil wars
- Julius Caesar
- Augustus Caesar and the Pax Romana

• Slavery in ancient Rome

The Growth and Decline of the Roman Empire

- · Rome and the Jews
- · The Julians
- The Good Emperors
- The decline of the empire
- · The fall of the western empire

Rome's Legacy

Chapter 6: The Christian Church: A Gift of God

The Life of Christ

- Palestine at the time of the Incarnation
- The events of Jesus' life
- · The first years of the Church

The Growth of the Church

- · The Apostolic Age
- · Church government
- The Christian Scriptures
- · The Roman Persecutions of the Church
- · The first persecutions
- The Great Persecutions

Heresies of the Early Church

The Church under Constantine

- · The Arian controversy and the Council of Nicaea
- The founding of Constantinople
- The Roman Empire becomes Christian

Church Fathers and Doctors

- The Greek Fathers
- The Latin Fathers

The Church Moves Beyond the Roman Empire

- Irish missionaries
- St. Benedict and his Rule

Chapter 7: Byzantium and the Rise of Islam

The Byzantine Empire and the Church

· St. John Chrysostom

From Roman to Byzantine Empire

- Justinian and Theodora
- The art of Byzantium

Muhammad and the Muslims

- · The life of Muhammad
- · The legend of the Kaaba
- · The Koran
- · The beliefs of Islam

The Spread of Islam

- · The caliphate
- Sunnis and Shiites
- The Muslim conquests
- · Why Islam spread as it did

Islam's Golden Age

- Muslim literature and art
- Muslim science and medicine
- · Sharia law

Chapter 8: Europe: the Middle Ages

The Geography of Europe

The Dark Ages

- Charlemagne and the restoration of the Roman Empire
- The Carolingian Renaissance
- The invasions and conversion of the Northmen (Vikings)
- · Beowulf

The Feudal Society of the Middle Ages

- The nature of feudal society
- · Knights and the code of chivalry

The Church in Medieval Society

- The Great Schism of the Eastern from the Western Church (1054)
- · Pope Gregory VII
- · The Crusades

The Rise of Towns and the Changing Farm

- · The new merchant class
- · Medieval cathedrals

The Rise of Nation States in Europe

· England and France

Two Saints Rebuild the Church

- · St. Dominic
- · St. Francis of Assisi

Medieval Universities

- Trivium and quadrivium
- · St. Thomas Aquinas

The Black Plague

Chapter 9: Europe: The Renaissance, the Reformation, and the Modern World

The Renaissance

- · The Renaissance
- The fall of Constantinople
- End of the Reconquest in Spain
- The discovery of America

Martin Luther and the Protestant Revolt

- · John Calvin
- · Henry VIII and the Church of England
- The Council of Trent

The Progress of Science

Copernicus

The Beginnings of Modern Literature

- Miguel Cervantes
- William Shakespeare

The Dream of Democracy

- · The Stuarts—Charles I, Charles II, and James II
- The dictatorship of Oliver Cromwell
- The Glorious Revolution
- The American Revolution
- The French Revolution

Freedom and Religion

Chapter 10: China: The Middle Kingdom

The Geography of China

China and the Culture of Asia

- Chinese language—ideograms
- · Meritocracy and the civil service

Early Chinese Dynasties

- The Three Rulers
- The Shang Dynasty
- · The Zhou Dynasty
- Confucius

The Empire of the "Sons of Han"

- · Zhao Zheng and the Qin Dynasty
- The Han Dynasty

Buddhism and the Golden Age in China

- · The growth of Buddhism in China
- · The Sui Dynasty
- · The Tang Dynasty
- · Nestorian Christians come to China

China in the Middle Ages

- The Song Dynasty
- · Kublai Khan and the Yuan Dynasty
- The establishment of the Ming Dynasty

The Later Empire

- · The Ming Dynasty
- · Europeans trade with China
- · Catholic missionaries come to China
- · Matteo Ricci
- The Ching Dynasty

Modern China

- Chinese emigration to Europe and America
- The British opium trade
- · The Opium Wars
- The Tai'ping Rebellion
- Self-Strengthening and Empress Tz'u-hsi
- The Boxer Rebellion
- · Sung Yat-sen and the establishment of the Chinese republic
- · Civil war between Communists and Nationalists
- · Mao Zedong and Communist China

Chapter 11: Japan: Land of the Rising Sun

The Geography of Japan

Early History of Japan

- The establishment of the Sun Dynasty
- Shinto
- · China's influence on Japan's culture
- The development of Japan's written language
- · Japanese Buddhism
- Prince Shotoku

Japan in the Middle Ages

- The full flowering of Chinese culture in Japan
- · The era of the shoguns
- · The story of Yoritomo
- · Samurai

Traditional Japanese Arts

· Ikebana and bonsai

- Haiku
- · The tea ceremony

Europe Comes to Japan

- The coming of the Portuguese
- St. Francis Xavier and the Catholic missions
- · The persecutions of Toyotomi Hideyoshi
- The Japanese martyrs
- · The Tokugawa Shogunate

Commodore Perry Opens Japan

- The Meiji Restoration
- The growth of Japan's industrial and military power

Japan in the 20th Century

- War with Russia
- · World War II
- Into the 21st century

Chapter 12: India: The World of the Rajas

The Geography of India

The Ancient Indus River Civilization

The Aryan Conquests

- The Mahabharata and the Bhagavad Gita
- · The Indian caste system

Indian Religions

- · The brahmins and Hinduism
- The Upanishads
- · Siddhartha Gautama and Buddhism
- · Jainism
- The Christian Faith

The Great Empires of India

- · The Mauryan Empire
- Ashoka
- · The Indian classical period
- · The Mughal Empire

The Making of Modern India

- Great Britain and the East India Company
- Mohandas Gandhi and independence

Chapter 13: Africa: The Enduring Continent

The Geography of Africa

- The regions of Africa
- · The lakes and major rivers of Africa
- African resources and food

The African Peoples and Culture

Africa's Earliest Civilizations

- The drying up of the Sahara and its consequences
- The kingdoms of the Nile: Kush, Nubia, and Axum
- The legend of Prester John

The Sudanic Civilization

- · Sudanic culture and religion
- · The economy of the Sudanic kingdoms
- The slave trade
- The Arab empire in Africa

The Kingdom of Kongo

Portugal and Kongo

- · The Catholic Church in Kongo
- Dona Anna de Souza Nzinga

The Age of Colonialism

Africa's Legacy to the World

Chapter 14: Russia: The "Third Rome"

The Geography of Russia

Early Russian History

- The coming of the Rus and the founding of Novgorod
- · The founding of Kiev
- · Prince St. Vladimir and the conversion of Russia
- · The influence of Byzantium on Russian culture

Russia under the Golden Horde

- · The Mongol invasions
- · Batu Khan and the Golden Horde
- · Dmitri Donskoi and the rise of Moscow
- · The influence of Mongol culture on Russia
- · The Cossacks
- · Ivan the Great and the Third Rome
- · Ivan the Terrible

The Romanovs

- The Code of 1649
- Russian Church reform and the Old Believers

Peter the Great and the Westernization of Russia

- Tsar Peter's reforms and wars
- Catherine the Great

The Napoleonic War and Russia

Russia in the 19th Century

Industrialized Russia

- The Communist Revolution
- · Stalin's Russia

Russia Today

Chapter 15: North America: Land of Opportunity

The Geography of North America

The Growth and Expansion of English America

- The thirteen English colonies
- · The French in North America

Into the West

- · Daniel Boone
- The American bison
- · Father Junipero Serra in California

The American Revolution

A New Nation

- The Constitution
- · Slavery and the Bill of Rights

The United States Expands into the West

The question of slavery

The Mexican-American War

• The conquest of northern Mexico

The Civil War

Equality and Human Rights

Chapter 16: Latin America: Lands of Many Cultures

The Geography of Latin America

Latin America before Columbus

- · The Maya
- The Inca

Europe Comes to Latin America

- Christopher Columbus
- · Amerigo Vespucci
- Vasco Nuñez de Balboa

The Conquest of Mexico

- · Hernán Cortés
- The Aztecs
- The conquest of Tenochtitlán
- The beginnings of New Spain

Spain and the Native Americans

- Encomiendas and encomenderos
- Bartolomé de las Casas, defender of the Indians
- · Juan Diego and Our Lady of Guadalupe

The Conquest of Peru

- Francisco Pizarro
- · Saints of South America

Revolution in Mexico

- · Hidalgo's rebellion
- · José María Morelos
- Independent Mexico

Mexico's Agony

- Agustín de Iturbide
- The republic of Mexico
- Antonio López de Santa Anna
- · Struggles between liberals and conservatives
- · Porfirio Díaz
- · The Second Mexican Revolution
- The Cristeros

Revolution in South America

- Simón Bolívar
- José de San Martín
- · Bernardo O'Higgins

The Empire of Brazil

Light to the Nations I: The History of Christian Civilization

Scope and Sequence

Introduction: History's Beginnings

What Is History?

- The meaning of A.D. and B.C.
- · Pre-history and history

What Is Civilization?

- The Stone Age—Paleolithic and Neolithic
- Paleolithic discoveries
- The Neolithic Revolution
- · The meaning of civilization
- The First Civilizations
- Mesopotamia, Nile River Valley, Indus River, and Yellow River centers
- The contributions of the Mesopotamian, Egyptian, Greek, and Roman Civilizations
- Israel

Chapter 1: A Light to the Nations

Palestine at the Time of Jesus' Birth

- · Herod the Great
- · Israelite divisions: Samaritans, Sadducees, and Pharisees

The Life of Jesus

- The Infancy and Hidden Life
- Political developments in Palestine
- · Jesus' public life
- John the Baptist
- · The teachings of Jesus
- · The Passion
- The Resurrection and Ascension of Jesus

Pentecost and the Jerusalem Church

- The Twelve Apostles
- The first martyr

The Life and Journeys of St. Paul

- Saul's conversion
- The teachings of St. Paul
- The martyrdom of Sts. Peter and Paul

Jesus' Gifts to Civilization

Chapter 2: Emperors and Madmen

Augustus Caesar and the Principate

- The principate described
- · Pax Romana
- Augustus, patron of the arts
- · Despair of the Roman world

The Reign of the Julians

- Tiberius
- Caligula
- Claudius

- Nero
- The first imperial persecution of the Church
- The year of the four emperors
- · The Flavians
- Vespasian
- Titus
- · Domitian

The "Good Emperors"

- Nerva
- Trajan
- Hadrian
- Iewish rebellions
- Antoninus Pius
- Marcus Aurelius
- Commodus

The Fifty Years of the Fifty Emperors

- The Severii
- · The Sassanids defeat Emperor Valerian
- The division of the empire under Valerian
- Gallienus' Edict of Toleration
- · Invasion, epidemics, and economic problems

The Reform of Diocletian

- Diocletian's political reforms
- Diocletian's economic reforms
- The removal of the Roman capital to the East

Chapter 3: The Blood of the Martyrs

Imperial Persecutions

- · Why Christians were persecuted
- The character of the persecutions
- · Blood of the martyrs, seed of the Church

The Threat of Heresy

- What is heresy?
- · The Gnostics
- Marcion
- Montanus

Christian Theologians Fight Heresy

- Justin
- Irenaeus
- Athenagoras of Alexandria
- · Tertullian of Carthage

Founding Christian Schools

Origen, Theologian and Philosopher

The Last Persecutions

- The Decian persecution
- The "Long Peace"
- The Great Persecution

The Triumph of Constantine

- · Galerius' Edict of Toleration
- The Battle of Milvian Bridge
- The Edict of Milan
- The founding of New Rome (Constantinople)

Chapter 4: The Christian Empire

Christian Controversies

- The Donatist controversy
- Arianism
- · The Council of Nicaea
- The trials of Athanasius

The Gothic Threat

- · Visigoths and Ostrogoths
- Wulfilas and Gothic Arianism
- The Emperor Valens defeated at Adrianople
- Theodosius the Great

The Search for God in the Desert

- St. Anthony
- · Hermits and cenobites
- · St. Basil of Caesarea

Three Saints Who Moved the Church

- · St. Ambrose of Milan
- St. Jerome
- · St. Augustine of Hippo
- Pelagianism

The German Threat

- Stilicho
- · Alaric and the Visigoths
- · The sack of Rome
- St. Augustine's City of God

The Popes Defend the West

• Pope St. Leo the Great

Chapter 5: Germanic Kingdoms in the West

The Germanic World

- · Language and social classes
- Germanic law
- · Germanic religion

The Visigoths in the Iberian Peninsula

- The Visigoths move into Gaul
- The Visigoths move into the Iberian Peninsula
- The Visigoths and Iberian Roman civilization
- The family of Severianus
- · Leovigild, Hermenegild, and Ingunthis
- The Arian Visigoths become Catholic

The Vandals in North Africa

- The Vandals move from Iberia to North Africa
- Genseric
- Vandal cruelty

The First Catholic Germanic Kingdom

- The Franks
- The Merovings
- The conversion of Clovis
- The mayors of the palace
- Pepin the Younger
- · Charles Martel

The Kingdom of the Ostrogoths

- The last emperor
- Odoacer
- · Theodoric the Ostrogoth
- · Amalasuntha and Amalric

Chapter 6: Founders of Christendom—A.D. 500-700

Justinian the Great

- · Theodora
- The Nika Revolt
- Hagia Sophia and Byzantine art
- Justinian's legal reforms
- The reconquest of North Africa
- War in Spain and Mesopotamia
- The Italian wars

Founders of the Christian West

- St. Patrick of Ireland
- · Boethius
- St. Benedict of Nursia
- Pope St. Gregory the Great
- St. Augustine of Canterbury
- · The conflict between Gaelic and Roman Christians

Chapter 7: The Rise of Islam—A.D. 624-800

Persia Threatens Byzantium

- Dissatisfaction with Byzantine rule in Syria and Egypt
- Chosroes II of Persia conquers Syria and Egypt
- Emperor Heraclius defeats Chosroes
- The True Cross

The Arabians

- · Arabian caravan routes
- The Bedouins

Arabian religion

The Prophet Muhammad

- · Muhammad's early life
- The beginnings of Islam
- · Flight to Medina
- · The Koran
- Jihaa
- · Muhammad's teachings
- · The character of Islam

The Prophet's Successors

- · Abu Bakr, the first caliph
- · Mullahs, imams, and caliphs
- Caliph Omar

Islam Expands Beyond Arabia

- The conquest of Syria and Palestine
- · The conquest of Persia
- · The conquest of Egypt and North Africa

The Struggle for the Caliphate

- · Caliph Othman and his assassination
- Caliph Ali
- · Ali's struggle with the Umayyad Mu'awiya
- The assassination of Ali
- Shiites and Sunnis

Umayyad Caliphate

- The development of Islamic civilization
- New Islamic conquests

- The development of Islamic sea power
- The conquest of Spain

The Rise of the Abbasids

- The Abbasids overthrow the Umayyads
- · The rise of Baghdad

Chapter 8: The Defense and Building of Christendom

Emperor Leo III

- Leo saves Constantinople from Muslim conquest
- The iconoclastic controversy

The Muslim Conquest of Spain

- · Emir Tarik
- Don Pelayo, the Battle of Covadonga, and the beginnings of the reconquest

Charles Martel

- · Sts. Willibrord and Boniface and the conversion of Germany
- The Battle of Tours
- · Muslim Al-Andalus

The culture of Muslim Spain

• The peoples of Al-Andalus

Springtime of Learning in the British Isles

- · Gaelic and Roman monasticism in the British Isles
- St. Bede the Venerable

The Carolingian Empire of the Franks

- · Pepin the Short becomes king
- Charles the Great (Charlemagne)
- Charles the Great's wars with the Saxons
- Wars with the Lombards
- The Iberian invasion
- Charles the Great's legal and cultural reforms
- · Charles the Great crowned Roman emperor

Chapter 9: The Achievements of Feudalism—A.D. 800–1008

Age of Invasions

- The Vikings
- · Saracens and Magyars

Charlemagne's Empire is Divided

- Louis the Pious
- · The Partition of Aachen and war
- The roots of feudalism

The Emergence of Feudalism

- · Feudal relationships: lord and vassal
- Knighthood
- Chivalry
- The feudal manor

Medieval Farm Life

- · Lords, serfs, and freemen
- · Farm economy
- Medieval inventions
- · The drive to the East

The Growth of Towns

· Town government

- Guilds
- Markets and fairs

Chapter 10: The Medieval Reformation

Abuses in the Medieval Church

- Bishops and abbots as vassals of secular lords
- · Lay investiture
- Simony
- The dark age of the papacy

Monastic reforms

- Cluny
- The Truce of God and the Peace of God
- · The Cistercians
- · The Norbertines
- The Carthusians

Rebirth of the Empire

- Otto I, the Great
- Defeat of the Magyars at Lech
- · Otto bases his power on the Church
- · Hroswitha and Hildegard of Bingen
- · Otto conquers Italy, reforms the papacy
- Otto II
- Otto III, emperor and reformer
- Pope Sylvester II
- The Investiture Conflict

Emperor Henry III

- The pope's new electors—the College of Cardinals
- Pope St. Gregory VII
- Pope Gregory's conflict with Emperor Henry IV over investiture
- The Concordat of Worms

Emperor Frederick Barbarossa

- · The emperor's struggles with the papacy
- · Emperor Henry VI

Chapter 11: The New Nations: Spain, England, and France

Beginnings of the Reconquest

- The population of Al-Andalus
- · Alfonso III and the settling of Castile
- Spanish kingdoms of Castile, León, Navarre, and Aragon
- · Alfonso VI and the reconquest of Toledo
- · The invasion of the Almoravids
- El Cid Campeador

Growth of the English Monarchy

- · The Norman Conquest of England
- The reign of William the Conqueror
- · King William Rufus
- King Henry I
- The reign of Henry II and the beginning of the House of Plantagenet
- Eleanor of Aquitaine
- · Troubadours, trouvères, and minnesingers
- St. Thomas Becket
- · Richard the Lion-Heart
- · King John Lackland
- · Simon de Montfort and the Magna Carta
- King Henry III and the first parliament
- · King Edward I "Longshanks"

The Growth of the French Monarchy

- Hugh Capet and the founding of the Capetian Dynasty
- · Abbot Suger and the strengthening of the French monarchs
- St. Bernard of Clairvaux
- · King Philip II "Augustus"
- · King St. Louis IX

Chapter 12: The Crusades

"God Wills It!"

- · Conquests of the Seljuk Turks
- Pope Urban II calls a crusade
- · The Peasants' Crusade
- The First Crusade and the conquest of Jerusalem

The Crusader Kingdoms of Outremer

- The character of the crusader kingdoms
- Templars and Hospitallers

The Second Crusade

- · The weaknesses of the crusader kingdoms
- The Turkish conquest of Edessa
- The failure of the crusade
- · Saladin and the Turkish conquest of Jerusalem

The Third Crusade

- · Richard the Lion-Heart and Philip Augustus take up the cross
- The crusaders capture Acre
- · Richard the Lion-Heart defeats Saladin
- Richard's failure to deliver Jerusalem and his treaty with Saladin

The Failure of the Fourth Crusade

- Pope Innocent III calls for a crusade
- Crusaders and Venetians conquer Christian Zara
- Crusaders and Venetians conquer Constantinople
- The establishment of the Latin empire in Constantinople
- The Schism of 1054

The Iberian Crusade

- The Almohads conquer Muslim Spain and attack Christian Spain
- · Pope Innocent III calls for a crusade against the Almohads
- Christian victory at Las Navas de Tolosa

The Albigensian Crusade

- · The Albigensian heresy
- Count Raymond VI of Toulouse and the murder of Peter of Castelnau
- Pope Innocent III's deposition of Raymond and his calls for a crusade against the Albigensians
- Simon IV de Montfort and the northern French conquest of Languedoc
- The medieval Inquisition

The Last Crusades in Outremer

- The failure of the Fifth Crusade
- The Sixth Crusade and the return of Jerusalem to Christian control
- The Turkish Khwarazmians conquer Jerusalem

The Crusades of St. Louis of France

- The Seventh Crusade
- The Eighth Crusade and the death of Louis IX in Tunis
- · The fall of the last Christian kingdom in Palestine

Effects of the Crusades

Chapter 13: The Great Century

The Flowering of Medieval Creativity

- · Romanesque and Gothic architecture
- · The rise of universities

The Age of Innocent III

- · Pope Innocent's goals
- The Fourth Lateran Council

Mendicant Friars and New Orders

- St. Francis of Assisi and the Friars Minor
- St. Dominic and the Order of Preachers

Struggles on Christendom's Borders

- The Mongol invasions
- · Marco Polo
- King St. Ferdinand III and the reconquest of Cordoba, Jaén, and Seville

The Achievements of Scholasticism

- · Aristotelianism in the universities
- · St. Bonaventure
- St. Thomas Aquinas

Chapter 14: Decline and Decay of the Middle Ages

The Wounded Authority of the Church

- The struggle between King Philip the Fair and Pope Boniface VIII
- · Pope Boniface VIII insulted at Anagni
- · Dante Alighieri
- The "Babylonian Captivity" of the Church
- The papal court at Avignon
- Abuses in the Church
- John Wycliffe and the English Lollards
- St. Catherine of Sienna
- The pope returns to Rome
- · Geoffrey Chaucer

The Great Schism

- The election of Pope Urban VI
- French cardinals elect an antipope at Avignon
- Christendom split between two claimants to the papal throne
- The Council of Pisa and the election of a third pope
- The Council of Constance and the end of the Great Schism
- John Hus and the Hussites
- Problems in the Church stemming from the Great Schism
- The Black Death

The Empire and France

- End of the Hohenstaufen line of emperors and the weakening of the empire
- The weakening of regal authority in France
- Philip V of France and the establishment of the Valois line of kings

Chapter 15: Two Centuries of Conflict

The Kingdom of Rus

- · The founding of Novgorod and Kiev
- St. Vladimir and the conversion of the Rus

- The development of Kiev "the Golden"
- The Golden Horde and the conquest of Kievan Russia
- Novgorod and Alexander Nevski
- · The rise of Moscow

The Hundred Years' War

- · Disputes between the kings of France and England
- England's Edward III claims the throne of France
- English victories at Crécy and Poitiers
- The Treaty of Calais
- Charles V of France
- Henry IV (House of Lancaster) overthrows Richard II (Plantagenet)
- Henry V and the English victory at Agincourt
- The Treaty of Troves
- · Joan of Arc
- French victories; England's loss of its French territories
- · The results of the Hundred Years' War

Civil War in England

- The growth of Parliament's power
- The Wars of the Roses
- The revolt of Duke Richard of York against King Henry VI of the House of Lancaster
- The assassination of Henry VI; Edward VI (House of York) becomes king
- King Richard III
- · Henry Tudor defeats Richard III at Bosworth Field
- Henry VII and the House of Tudor

The New Muslim Threat to Christendom

- The rise of the Ottoman Turks
- The Ottoman conquest of Nicomedia
- The Ottoman conquest of Adrianople
- The Ottoman conquest of Bulgaria
- · The Battle of Kosovo

Chapter 16: The Birth of a New World

The Middle Ages and the Renaissance

Renaissance Humanism

- · Humanism and the Christian Faith
- Petrarch and classicism
- · Anti-Christian Humanism
- · Niccolò Machievelli
- The effects of Humanism on politics, religion, morality, and economics

Centers of the Renaissance

- The Medicis and Florence
- Pope Nicholas V and the Renaissance in Rome

Renaissance Artists

- · Leonardo da Vinci
- · Michelangelo di Buonarroti
- Raphael Santi

The Fall of Constantinople

- The Ottoman conquest of the Balkans
- · The union Council of Florence
- The Battle of Kosovo
- The siege and fall of Constantinople to Sultan Mahomet II
- The siege of Belgrade

Moscow: The "Third Rome"

- The conquests of Grand Prince Ivan III, "the Great"
- Ivan as tsar, the successor to the Byzantine emperor
- · Russian Orthodox theologians call Moscow the "third Rome"

Gutenberg and the Printing Press

End of the Reconquest and Beyond

- Marriage of Isabel of Castile and Fernando of Aragon
- · The reconquest of Granada
- · Portugal reaches India
- · Columbus and the discovery of America

Chapter 17: The Protestant Reformation

The State of the Church by the 16th Century

- St. Peter's Basilica and the Jubilee Indulgence
- Abuses in the Church
- · The Fifth Lateran Council

Luther's Call for Reform

- Pope Leo X grants Albert of Brandenburg part of the St. Peter's indulgence funds
- The preaching of the indulgence in Germany
- Martin Luther and the Ninety-five Theses
- Luther's debate with Eck—Luther rejects the authority of the Church
- · Luther's teachings
- Pope Leo X's excommunication of Luther
- Luther condemned by the Diet of Worms
- · Luther taken to the Wartburg

The Radical Reformers

- · Religious radicals in Wittenberg
- Ulrich Zwingli
- Anabaptists
- · John Calvin

Charles the Emperor

- Charles V's wars with King Francis I of France
- The conquests of Suleiman the Magnificent
- · The sack of Rome
- Suleiman's withdrawal after the siege of Vienna
- The Diet of Augsburg and the Augsburg Confession
- The formation of the Smalkaldic League
- The Peace of Nuremberg
- The beginning of Catholic reform—the calling of the Council of Trent
- The death of Martin Luther
- The Peace of Augsburg—cuius regio, eius religio
- The abdication and death of Charles V

The Reformation in England

- · Catherine of Aragon betrothed, then married, to Henry VIII
- · Henry seeks an annulment of his marriage to Catherine
- · Pope Clement VII delays his decision on the annulment
- The Cranmer annulment of Henry's marriage to Catherine; Henry's union with Anne Boleyn
- Henry's excommunication and schism
- The Oath of Supremacy
- The martyrdoms of St. John Fisher, St. Thomas More, and others
- The dissolution of the monasteries
- The character of Henry's schism

- The Protestantization of the Church of England under King Edward VI
- The reign of Queen Mary I—the English Church reunited with Rome
- Elizabeth I—the Church of England again becomes Protestant
- Pope Pius V excommunicates Elizabeth
- · Persecution of Catholics in England
- The execution of Mary, Queen of Scots
- The Spanish Armada

Chapter 18: Catholic Renewal and Religious War

The Council of Trent

- The sessions of the council
- The accomplishments of the council

The Age of Catholic Renewal: The "Counter-Reformation"

- The Holy Office
- The Index of Forbidden Books
- The reform of the liturgy
- · St. Charles Borromeo

St. Ignatius de Loyola and the Jesuits

- St. Ignatius's early life and conversion
- Ignatius's life from his conversion to his arrival in Paris
- · Ignatius gathers his first followers
- The formation and approval of the Society of Jesus
- The work of the Society
- · St. Francis Xavier
- · St. Peter Canisius

The Turks halted

- The Turkish conquest of Cyprus
- · Selim II's planned invasion of Italy
- Pope Pius V calls for a Holy League against the Turks
- The Battle of Lepanto

Religious War in France

- · The Huguenots
- The wars between Catholic and Huguenot forces in France
- St. Bartholomew's Day Massacre
- · The last Valois
- Henry de Bourbon becomes King Henry IV of France
- Henry IV returns to the Catholic Church
- · The Edict of Nantes

The Rise of Cardinal Richelieu

- Richelieu's life before becoming prime minister of France
- Richelieu's views on kingly authority and the rights of the Church
- · War with the Huguenots and the Peace of Alais

The Thirty Years' War

- The dispute over the crown of Bohemia
- The Defenestration of Prague
- The Bohemian Revolt
- The defeat of the Bohemians; continuing war in northern Germany and the Palatinate
- · Christian IV of Denmark's invasion of Germany
- Wallenstein's defeat of Mansfeld; Tilly's defeat of King Christian IV
- The Edict of Restitution
- · King Gustavus II Adolphus of Sweden's invasion of Germany

- Swedish victories
- The death of Gustavus Adolphus at Lützen
- The imperial victory at Nördlingen
- Richelieu and France enter the war on the side of the Protestants
- The French war against Spain
- The Peace of Westphalia
- · France's continuing war against Spain

Chapter 19: Europe Before the Flood

James I and the Divine Right of Kings

- · The king's conflicts with Parliament
- · The Puritans

King Charles I of England

- The king's conflicts with the Puritans
- · The Petition of Right
- · Charles dissolves Parliament
- Charles finds sources of revenue outside Parliament
- Charles and Archbishop Laud's religious reforms
- The revolt of the Scottish Covenanters
- The Short Parliament
- The Long Parliament gains further powers from the king
- The Grand Remonstrance
- · The Great Rebellion
- · The defeat and surrender of King Charles
- Charles I's trial and execution

The Protectorate

- Cromwell disbands the Rump and Barebone's Parliaments
- The Cromwell dictatorship
- · Puritan laws
- Cromwell's destruction of Ireland
- The death of Cromwell
- The recall of the Long Parliament

The Restoration

- · Parliament invites Charles II to return to England
- The coronation of Charles II as king of England and Ireland
- The conversion of James Stuart to the Catholic Church
- Charles II's struggles with Parliament
- The Declaration of Indulgence and the Test Act
- The Exclusion Act and the formation of the Whigs and Tories
- · Charles II's conversion and death

The "Glorious Revolution"

- James II becomes king of England
- James II appoints Catholics as commanding military officers and grants religious freedom to Catholics and dissenters
- The birth of James's Catholic son, James Francis Edward
 Stuart
- The "Glorious Revolution" drives James II from England
- Parliament declares William of Orange and Mary Stuart king and queen
- The Declaration of Rights
- Early Jacobite revolts

The United Kingdom of Great Britain

- Queen Anne and the Articles of Union
- The growth of Parliament's powers under the Hanoverians: George I and George II
- British colonies in North America

The Age of the Sun King

- Louis XIV becomes king of France
- Cardinal Mazarin
- Louis XIV decides to rule France without a prime minister
- Bossuet and the French theory of the Divine Right of Kings
- Louis establishes an autocracy in France
- The arts in the age of Louis XIV; Versailles
- The founding of Louisiana

Louis XIV's Wars

- Louis XIV increases and reorganizes the French army
- The war to gain the Spanish Netherlands

- The war with Holland, the empire, Spain, and several German states
- The war of the League of Augsburg
- The war of the Spanish Succession
- The Peace of Utrecht—the Bourbons established in Spain
- The effects of Louis XIV's reign on French society

Aftermath of Louis XIV's reign

- The reign of Louis XV
- The War of the Polish Succession
- The worsening of social problems in France

The American Venture: A History of the United States

Scope and Sequence

Chapter 1: Explorers and Fortune Seekers

Europe Discovers the New World

- A Passage to the Indies
- · Christopher Columbus
- · Isabel and Fernando
- Amerigo Vespucci

The Founding of Spanish America

- Vasco Nuñez de Balboa
- · Hernan Cortés
- Goals of the Spanish Conquest

Spanish Explorers of the Future United States

- · Juan Ponce de León
- Explorations of La Florida
- Quest for cities of gold—Cibola

The Voyages of the English Columbus

- Giovanni Caboto (John Cabot)
- · Discovery of Cape Breton Island and Newfoundland

The First Forays of France

- Giovanni da Verrazzano
- · Jacques Cartier
- · Discovery of the St. Lawrence River and Canada
- Jean-François de la Roque

Spain's Northernmost Settlements

- King Felipe II of Spain
- Pedro Menéndez de Avilés
- · Spanish Settlements in Florida and Georgia

The Founding of New Mexico

- · Juan de Oñate
- Settlement at San Juan
- · Ácoma Pueblo rebellion
- · Santa Fé

England's Colonial Ventures

- · Sir Francis Drake
- · Sir Walter Raleigh
- · Failed settlements of Roanoke
- Jamestown settlement
- John Rolfe and the introduction of tobacco to Virginia

A New France in America

- Henri IV
- Establishment of Québec
- Louis Jolliet and Père Jacques Marquette
- · René-Robert, Sieur de La Salle, and New Orleans
- Isaac Jogues, Jean de Brébeuf, and the North American Martyrs
- · The natives of New France

Chapter 2: England Settles North America

A City on a Hill

· The "Saints"

· Plymouth and the Mayflower Compact

The Puritans Join the Saints

- · Puritans
- John Winthrop
- · Roger Williams

The Growth of New England

- New Puritan settlements
- Rhode Island

Natives of New England

- The Wampanoag
- The Eastern Algonquin
- · The Micmac
- King Phillip's War

Government in New England

- · The Great and General Court
- The Body of Liberties
- The Free Burgesses
- The Fundamental Orders

The Old Dominion

- Sir Edwin Sandys
- The House of Burgesses in Virginia
- Opechancanough
- · King James and the Dominion of Virginia

The Natives of Virginia

- · The Algonquin
- Powhatan

Life in Virginia

- Plantations of Virginia and slavery
- · Religion and education in Virginia

Our Lady's Haven

- Sir George Calvert
- King Charles I and Maryland

The Settlement of Maryland

- Lord Baltimore
- · Lords of manors
- King William III

Penn's Woods

- William Penn
- The Quakers
- · City of Brotherly Love
- · Franz Daniel Pastorius

Other English Colonies

- · New Netherlands
- · New York
- · New Jersey
- Georgia

Life in English America

- · Population growth
- Slavery in the South
- · A mirror of English society

- Hierarchy
- · The Role of the gentleman

Chapter 3: Kindling the Spirit of Rebellion

Revolutionary Forces and Ideas

- The West opens
- · The Great Awakening

What is Liberalism?

- · Hobbes and the "state of nature"
- · John Locke and Natural Law
- The Common Good
- The Enlightenment

Republican Liberalism

- Natural aristocracy
- · The intelligentsia

Struggles for a Continent

- · Queen Anne's War
- The War of Jenkins' Ear
- Fort Duquesne

A First Stab at Colonial Unity

- The Albany Congress
- · Benjamin Franklin and Thomas Hutchinson

The French and Indian War

- · James Wolfe
- · French territories lost

England's colonies grow rebellious

- The Proclamation Act
- The Stamp Act and the Sons of Liberty
- The Declaratory Act
- · Boycotts, the Boston Massacre, and the Tea Party
- The "Intolerable Acts"
- · The Quebec Act

The Continental Congress

- First Continental Congress
- · Declaration and Resolves
- Lexington and Concord
- · Second Continental Congress

The Road to Independence

- Common Sense
- The vote for independence

The Declaration of Independence

- The "American Experiment" and Thomas Jefferson
- The Declaration of Independence
- · The Thirteen States

Chapter 4: A New Nation

A New Nation

- Lafayette
- · French Liberals
- Benjamin Franklin seeks a French alliance

The Plight of the Loyalists

- Loyalists
- · Committees of Safety and the "Pledge"
- · Colonial animosities

What Changed the King's Mind?

- General Howe
- · Capture of Philadelphia
- · Victory at Saratoga
- A French alliance

A Long and Weary War

- Colonel Archibald Campbell
- · General Sir Charles Cornwallis

From Defeat to Victory

- Benedict Arnold's betrayal
- Nathaniel Green
- A French fleet

War's End

- · Yorktown and Philadelphia
- · The Treaty of Paris

Revolutionary Governments

- The United States
- · John Adams
- Virginia Declaration of Rights

The Catholic Church in America

- · Pope Pius VI
- · Bishop Carroll of Baltimore

The Revolution and Religious Liberty

- · Disestablishment of state churches
- · Virginia Statute of Religious Liberty

The First U.S. Constitution

- · Articles of Confederation and Perpetual Union
- The establishment of Congress

Women of the Revolution

- The role of women in the Revolution
- Abigail Adams and Mercy Otis Warren

The Call for a New Government

- The Northwest Ordinance
- Shays' Rebellion
- · Weaknesses of the Articles of Confederation
- · A call for a new system of government

Chapter 5: A New Constitution

The Constitutional Convention

- George Washington
- · Nationalists and their opponents

A Contentious Convention

- · Edmund Randolph and the Virginia Plan
- · William Patterson and the New Jersey Plan
- Roger Sherman and the Connecticut Compromise

A Constitution of Compromises

- The House of Representatives and the Senate
- The president
- The judiciary

The Ratification Fight

- · Federalists and anti-federalists
- · Checks and balances
- The Federalist

Ratification, State by State

- · Ratification by the states
- A Bill of Rights

Chapter 6: A Walk through the United States Constitution

The Basic Structure of the U.S. Government

- The preamble
- · Why the Constitution was established
- · Congress, the presidency, and the judiciary

Congress

- The House of Representatives
- The Senate
- · Privileges of Congress
- · How a bill becomes a law
- · The powers of Congress

The Commerce Clause and Federal Power

- · Foreign policy
- · Interstate commerce

Limits on the Power of Congress

· Eight limitations

What the States May Not Do

- Common currency
- Bill of Attainer, *ex post facto* laws, and impairing obligations of contracts
- Foreign policy, war, and duties

The Presidency

- The election of the president and vice president
- The powers of the executive branch
- · The powers the president alone holds
- Powers held in conjunction with Congress
- Powers held in relation to Congress

The Vice Presidency

· Replacing the president

Another Way to Remove a President

- · Declaration of disability
- · 25th Amendment

The Judicial Power

- What the Constitution says about the judiciary
- The powers of the judiciary

Treason and its Punishment

- Definition of treason
- Congressional power to punish and its limits

Citizen Protections

- Trial by jury
- · Bench trial

The States and the Federal Government

- · States and states
- · States and the federal government

The amending power

- Article V
- · Three limitations

The Supremacy Clause

- Federal law and state law
- Oath to protect the Constitution

Final Provisions of the Constitution

- Religious tests
- Article VI

· Ratification

Chapter 7: The New President and a Bill of Rights

The New President

- George Washington
- The Bill of Rights

The First Amendment: Religion, Speech, and Assembly

- · Religion and the Establishment Clause
- The Free Exercise Clause
- Freedom of speech and of the press
- · Petition and peaceable assembly

The Second Amendment: The Right to Keep and Bear Arms

- The prefatory or introductory clause
- · The operative clause

The Third Amendment: No Forced Quartering of Soldiers

The Fourth Amendment: No Unreasonable Searches and Seizures

- · Search and Seizure Clause
- · The Warrant Clause

The Fifth Amendment: Citizens' Legal Protections

- The grand jury requirement
- Double Jeopardy Clause
- Self-incrimination
- Due process
- Takings

The Sixth Amendment: Citizen Protections in Criminal Cases; Speedy and Public Trial

- Impartial jury
- · Right to know the nature and cause of the accusation
- · Right to counsel

The Seventh Amendment: Citizen Protections in Civil Cases

The Eighth Amendment: Bail and Punishments

- Bail
- · Cruel and unusual punishments

The Ninth Amendment: The Rights of the People

The Tenth Amendment: State and Federal Powers

- Sovereignty, freedom, and independence
- · Power, jurisdiction, and rights

Chapter 8: The Making of the United States

President George Washington

- · Unity and political factions
- The president's cabinet

Federalists and Republicans

- · Hamilton, federal power, and manufacturing
- Jefferson, state power, and an agrarian republic
- · Broad and strict constructionists
- A national bank

Events of Washington's Second Term

- Treaty of Paris violations and troubles at sea
- · Whiskey Rebellion
- · Mad Anthony and the Treaty of Greenville

The Election of 1796 and the Passing of Washington

· Adams and Jefferson

· The death of George Washington

John Adams' Administration

- The XYZ Affair
- The U.S. Navy and the Quasi War

Republican Onslaught

- · The Naturalization, Alien, and Sedition Acts
- The Kentucky Resolves

The "Revolution of 1800"

- "Is it not high time for a change?"
- · Chief Justice John Marshall

The "Jacobin" President

- A call to unity
- · Jefferson and the military
- Marbury v. Madison

Jefferson Doubles the Size of the Country

- Trouble with Spain and France
- · The Louisiana Purchase

The Adventure of the Far West

- · Lewis and Clark Expedition
- · Native Americans of the farther and farthest West
- · Across the Continental Divide

Jefferson's Second Term

- · The 12th Amendment
- · Napoleon's Berlin Decrees
- · The Embargo Act

James Madison and War

- The Battle of Tippecanoe
- · War Hawks
- · Declaration of war

The War of 1812 in the North

- · Great Britain's blockade
- · Oliver Hazard Perry at Lake Erie
- · General William Henry Harrison

Indian War in the South

- · "Red Sticks" and the Fort Mims Massacre
- · "Old Hickory"

More Treaties Dishonored

- The Indian treaties of 1817 and 1818
- · The Wyandot

British Offensive in the East

- · Americans as "parricides"
- · Washington City punished

The Defense of New Orleans and War's End

- Andrew Jackson
- The Treaty of Ghent
- The effects of the War of 1812

Chapter 9: Democracy and the Republic

The Revolution Continues

- · The drive to get ahead
- All men are created equal
- · Wealth through labor

Commerce! Commerce! and Yet Again, Commerce!

• Interstate commerce

· Literacy, infrastructure, new inventions, and banks

Pioneers West

- · Immigration and expansion west
- · Emigration, customs lost, and rugged individualism

The Search for New Connections

- Revivals and the Second Great Awakening
- · The loss of traditional communities

An Era of Growth and Change for the U.S. Catholic Church

- · Centre of unity
- Irish immigration
- New dioceses established

Problems in the American Church

- New American bishops and nationalism
- · Bishop John England

The Church in the West

- Catholic life on the frontier
- · Bishop Benedict Flaget
- · Bishop Simon Bruté de Remurs

The "Era of Good Feelings"

- · American-made products
- · John Quincy Adams

Hard Times and Hard Feelings

- · Economic depression
- · Tallmadge Amendment
- · The Missouri Compromise
- · Slavery and the cotton gin

A Warning to Europe

- Monroe and the problem of Latin America
- · The Monroe Doctrine

Florida Becomes American

- · U.S. Territory of Orleans
- · The Negro Fort

Who were the Seminole?

- Muskogee
- Bowlegs
- Florida and the treaty with Spain

The Last Republican President

- · The House elects John Quincy Adams
- · Universal manhood suffrage

The First Democratic President

- President Andrew Jackson
- Martin Van Buren
- · John C. Calhoun

Nullification

- Tariff of Abominations
- The Nullification Doctrine
- Henry Clay
- · Daniel Webster

Slayer of the Bank

- The Democratic Party
- The National Republican Party
- · Jackson forces the closure of the National Bank

The Trail of Tears

- The Indian Removal Act
- The Five "Civilized Tribes"

- Chief Coowes Coowe (John Ross)
- · Chief Osceola

Chapter 10: Manifest Destiny— The Push to the West

The California Missions

- Fray Magín Catalá
- · Fray Junípero Serra
- Californios
- · The California Indians

Revolution in Téjas

- · Connecticut Yankees
- Anglo-Americans in Texas
- · Mexico abolishes slavery
- · The Texians

The Téjas Missions

- · Fray Damian Massenet
- · Development and decline

The Texas Revolution

- · Liberals and conservatives in Mexico
- Santa Ana, Sam Houston, and the Alamo
- · "Remember the Alamo"
- Independence for Texas

Statehood for Texas

- The Republic of Texas
- · Panic of 1837
- · Harrison and Tyler
- · Texas becomes a state

Yankees West

- · The Far West and trappers
- Thomas Fitzpatrick and the South Pass
- · Jedediah Strong Smith

Pioneers to Oregon and California

- · Johann Augustus Sutter
- · The Oregon Trail

Manifest Destiny and War

- · From sea to shining sea
- John Charles Frémont
- · William Ide and the Bear Flag Revolt

How the Mexican-American War Began

- · James Knox Polk
- Zachary Taylor crosses the Nueces
- · First blood and a declaration of war

Oregon Divided

- · Tyler and Lord Aberdeen
- "54 40 or Fight!"
- Compromise

The Mexican-American War

- Taylor defeats Santa Anna
- · Winfield Scott's invasion
- · The San Patricios
- · Mexico City surrenders
- · The Treaty of Guadalupe Hidalgo
- · Manifest destiny realized

Chapter 11: America: Old and New

The Gold Rush

- · E.C. Kemble
- · Gold seekers rush to California
- · Gold fields and mining camps

The World Comes to California

- · California's population explosion
- California enters the union

The Bustling North

Northeastern industriousness

Transportation and Industry

- · The Erie Canal
- Railroads
- · The American factory system

Immigration

- European immigrants
- Intolerance
- Ambros Oschwald

Religion in the North

- A Protestant country
- Irish rapid population growth
- Mormons
- Transcendentalism

Reform and the Quest for Utopia

- · The reforming spirit
- The Temperance Movement

Common Schools and Catholics

- Bishop John Hughes
- Horace Mann and Common Schools
- Rioting between Catholics and Protestants

Radical Reformers

- The first women's rights convention
- · Robert Owen and New Harmony
- Brook Farm

Literature in the North

- · Washington Irving
- James Fenimore Cooper
- · Herman Melville
- · Nathaniel Hawthorne
- Henry Wadsworth Longfellow

The Beginnings of the Labor Movement

- · Lowell, Appleton, and reform
- The Lowell factory girls
- · Strikes and workers' unions

The Traditional South

- The Mason-Dixon Line
- · Differences between the North and South

The Old World in the New

- · The South and tradition
- · Gentlemen and the gracious South

Southern Social Classes

- Yeoman farmers
- "Poor white trash"
- Hillbillies

Southern Literature

- · Literacy and oral traditions
- William Gilmore Simms
- Southern interests in politics and natural science

The Institution of Slavery

- Spanish America and slavery
- · Southern states and slavery
- · Social classes of slaves and free blacks
- · Denmark Vesey

Chapter 12: The Last Days of the Union

The Battle over Slavery

- · William Lloyd Garrison
- · Theodore Dwight Weld
- · The Grimke sisters
- · Harriet Beecher Stowe and Uncle Tom's Cabin
- · Douglass, Baumfree, Tubman, and Lovejoy

The South Reacts

- · The defense of slavery
- · Gag resolutions
- · Senator Henry Clay

Slavery and Religion

- · Protestant and Catholic attitudes towards slavery
- · Catholic slaveowners
- Popes on slavery
- · Bishops Verot and Martin

The Railroad to Destiny

- · The transcontinental railroad and slavery
- · Popular sovereignty
- Kansas-Nebraska Act

Bleeding Kansas

- · Free-soilers
- · Border ruffians

An Antislavery Party

- Republicans
- John C. Frémont and Abraham Lincoln
- · James Buchanan

The Dred Scott Decision

The Lincoln-Douglas Debates

- · Douglas and popular sovereignty
- · Lincoln and inalienable rights

Standoff at Harper's Ferry

- John Brown
- Colonel Robert Edward Lee

The Election that Divided the Nation

- · Abraham Lincoln wins
- The Confederate States of America

Fort Sumter, War, and Secession

Chapter 13: The Civil War

Securing the Border States

- Lincoln and Davis
- General Winfield Scott
- · Nathaniel Lyon
- · Suspending habeas corpus

The First Battles of the War

- McClellan and Lee
- McDowell and Eggleston
- · Stonewall Jackson

War in the West

- Ulysses S. Grant
- · Grant and Foote's push into the South
- Shiloh

Catholics and the Civil War

- Bishop Patrick Neeson Lynch
- Bishop Augustin Verot
- · The charity of Catholic religious sisters

The Tide Turns

- · McClellan's advance on Richmond
- Robert E. Lee

More Federal Defeats

· General John Pope

Battle of the Ironclads

- The C.S.S. Virginia
- The U.S.S. Monitor
- · Second Bull Run

Lincoln Contemplates Emancipation

- The Battle of Sharpsburg
- · Lincoln's Preliminary Emancipation Proclamation

Victories and Defeats

- Fredericksburg
- · Lee's Victory over General Hooker

Making Men Fight

- · Conscription laws
- Anti-draft riots

Gettysburg

The Black Soldier

Black soldiers and inequality

Grant, the Victorious General

- Bragg and Rosecrans
- Grant takes Chattanooga

Lincoln at Gettysburg

Gettysburg Address

The Last Year

- The Grand Army of the Republic
- Grant's grand strategy

The War in Missouri

- James Henry Lane
- · Bushwackers, Raiders, and William Quantrill

Defeat and Advance

- The Wilderness
- · Cold Harbor
- Petersburg

Through Atlanta to the Sea

- Sherman and Johnston
- Sherman's March to the Sea
- Into the Carolinas
- Charleston in Federal hands
- · Retreat into Raleigh

Surrender at Appomattox

- · Richmond abandoned
- General Sheridan
- Lee surrenders

The Last Days of Abraham Lincoln

- Reconstruction
- To bind up the nation's wounds
- · Lincoln's assassination

War's End

- · Davis captured
- Louisiana and Texas surrender

Chapter 14: Post-War America

The Era of Reconstruction

- · The Reverend David Macrae
- · 13th Amendment
- · Fears of miscegenation
- · The plight of freedmen
- · Post-war devastation
- · Freedman's Bureau
- · Scalawags and Carpetbaggers

President Johnson vs. the Radical Republicans

- Binding up the wounds of the union
- · Radical Republicans
- Race riots
- · Black suffrage
- · Thaddeus Stevens and Charles Sumner

The Church of Reconstruction

- · Anti-Catholic bigotry
- Catholic periodicals and newspapers
- · Bishop Augustin Verot and the ecumenical council

The 14th Amendment

- Naturalization
- · Equal treatment of all citizens
- · An important clause

Radical Reconstruction

- Five military districts
- · Blacks elected to public office
- Ku Klux Klan

The Radicals take on the President

- Tenure of Office Act
- The impeachment of President Johnson

President Grant and the Gilded Age

- The party of Lincoln
- Gold specie and paper money
- · Horatio Seymour
- · 15th Amendment
- Liberal Republicans

The Gilded Age and Corruption

- A prosperous time
- Moral corruption
- Political corruption
- · William Magear Tweed
- Crédit Mobilier
- Panic of 1873

The Sons of St. Tammany

- · Aaron Burr and Tammany Hall
- Martin Van Buren

The End of Reconstruction

- · The Civil Rights Act
- · Rutherford B. Hayes

Chapter 15: Finale to the Indian Wars

A White Man with No Forked Tongue

- Blackrobes
- · Father Pierre-Jean De Smet
- The Blackfoot mission
- · Father Nicholas Point

The Minnesota Sioux Uprising

- Settlement of the Pacific Coast
- Fort Laramie
- · The Sioux and the Minnesota Territory
- The Sioux rebellion

Homesteaders, Cowboys, and Railroads

- · The Homestead Act
- The transcontinental railroad
- The Central Pacific-Union Pacific line

Settlers West

- The growth of the West
- Monoculture
- · Land-hungry Americans

War on the Great Plains

- · General William Tecumseh Sherman
- The Fetterman Massacre
- · Treaty of Fort Laramie

Attempts at Reform

- Ancestral hunting grounds
- · Katherine Drexel
- Grant's proposals

Blood on the Little Bighorn

- · Sitting Bull and Crazy Horse
- General George Crook
- · Lt. Colonel George Armstrong Custer

Tales of Struggle and Defeat

- The Klamath and Modoc tribes
- Kientpoos (Captain Jack)
- Hooker Jim

The Tragedy of Chief Joseph

- The Nez Percé and "Old Joseph"
- · Young Joseph

War in the Southwest

- The Apache
- Chief Cochise
- Geronimo

Last Battle at Wounded Knee

- The Dawes Act
- · The Ghost Dance
- · Wounded Knee Creek

Chapter 16: Industrial America

Inventions and Industrialization

- Samuel F. B. Morse and the telegraph
- Alexander Graham Bell
- The dynamo
- · Edison, Kelly, and Gladden
- Growing cities

A Nation of Immigrants

- · New immigrants
- Statue of Liberty

The Captains of Industry and Their Ways

- · Andrew Carnegie
- Shrewd investments
- The Carnegie trusts and philanthropy

An Age of Cutthroat Capitalism

- Survival of the fittest
- · John D. Rockefeller and Standard Oil
- · Laissez-faire
- Charles Darwin

The Government Steps In

- Attempts at regulation
- Interstate Commerce Commission
- · Monopolies and loopholes

Industrial Workers and Their Woes

- · Conditions of factory work
- · The working class
- The socialists

Workers Organize

- Avondale disaster
- · Molly McGuires
- · Archbishop John Wood

The Great Strike of 1877

- · Railroad strike
- Insurrection
- · The Rev. Henry Ward Beecher

The Forming of Labor Unions

- · The First International and the Black International
- · Stevens, Powderly, and the Knights of Labor
- The trial of the Haymarket Anarchists
- · Samuel Gompers and the American Federation of Labor

Andrew Carnegie's Embarrassment

- · Henry Frick and the Homestead Strike
- Pinkertons
- Alexander Berkman

American Religion and the Worker

- · Protestants and unionism
- · Lyman Abbot
- · George Herron
- · James Cardinal Gibbons
- Pope Leo XIII and Rerum Novarum

Prosperity and Politics

- Skyscrapers
- · Republicans and Democrats
- · Rutherford B. Hayes and James Garfield
- · Chester Arthur and Reform
- · Mugwumps and Grover Cleveland
- The Silver Purchase Act and the McKinley Tariff

Changes in Farming

- From subsistence to cash crops
- Monoculture and soil depletion

The Farmers Organize

- The National Grange of the Patrons of Husbandry
- · Mary Lease

The Populists and Their Cause

- · The Populist Party and its platform
- Weaver vs. Cleveland
- Jim Crow
- · Populist demagogues
- · Racist Populists
- Plessy v. Ferguson
- Jim Crow Era

Depression and Unrest

- The World's Fair in Chicago
- · Panic of 1893
- Jacob Coxey
- Mary "Mother" Jones
- · ARU Strike

Republican Victory

- Bimetallism
- · William Jennings Bryan and the "Cross of Gold"
- President William McKinley

Chapter 17 Into a New Century

The Spanish-American War

- · Cuban rebellion
- William Randolph Hearst and Joseph Pulitzer
- · "Remember the Maine"
- The "splendid little war"
- Roosevelt and the "Rough Riders"
- Manila Bay
- San Juan Hill

Peace and Its Results

- Puerto Rico and Guam
- · The Philippines
- · Boxer Rebellion
- Guantanamo Bay

The Madman of Progressivism

- · Mark Hanna and the madman
- · President Theodore Roosevelt

Progressivism

- Addressing working conditions
- · Robert La Follette
- Muckrakers

Alternatives to Progressivism

- The Socialist Party
- Eugene v. Debs
- · The "Wobblies"
- Father John Augustine Ryan
- Father Peter E. Deitz and the Militia of Christ for Social Service
- Frederick Patrick Kenkel

Trust Buster

- · Minimum wage and workman's compensation
- The Northern Securities Company dissolved

· Roosevelt and trust-busting

Roosevelt and Labor

- · The United Mine Workers union
- · John Mitchell and Roosevelt
- Federal troops intervene
- John Lancaster Spalding

Conservation

- · Regions of natural beauty and utility
- · Yellowstone National Park
- Yosemite National Park
- · National Monuments Act
- · The National Park Service

The Next Four Years

- · Landslide victory for Teddy
- · Monopolies, trusts, and interstate trade
- · Upton Sinclair and The Jungle
- · Pure Food and Drug Act

The Panama Canal

- America's "Big Stick"
- · The Isthmus of Panama
- · The Republic of Panama

President Peacemaker

- · The Hague Tribunal
- Roosevelt earns the Noble Peace Prize
- Roosevelt Corollary
- U.S. fiscal protectorate of the Dominican Republic
- · Military might in East Asia

President Teddy's Twilight

- · Roosevelt's Promise
- · William Howard Taft
- The Grand Old Party

Taft Not Roosevelt

- · A deal and the Payne-Aldrich Act
- Richard Ballinger
- · Taft's chief problem

Bull Moose

- "New Nationalism"
- · The Republican Convention
- · The Bull Moose Party

The Election of 1912

- The Republican convention
- · Woodrow Wilson
- "New Freedom"

Justice Shall Be Our Motto

- Wilson's censure
- · Justice and an age of good feelings and optimism

A Flurry of Progressive Laws

- The Underwood Tariff
- · Pollack v. Farmer's Loan and Trust Company
- · The 16th Amendment
- The Federal Reserve
- · The Federal Trade Commission
- · The Clayton Anti-Trust Act of 1914

Chapter 18 A War for Democracy?

A Gunshot that Plunged the World into War

- Archduke Franz Ferdinand and Sophie
- · The Black Hand
- Germany's gamble

The Great War

- · The Battle of the Marne
- The Entente's advantage
- The Sinking of the Lusitania

"Preparedness"

- · A diplomatic victory
- · The Big Navy Act
- · The United States Shipping Board Act

"He Kept Us Out of War!"

- · Progressive gains
- The Election of 1916

The War to End All Wars

- "peace without victory"
- The Laconia and a decoded message
- · "This natural foe to liberty"
- Spy Wednesday

The President Prepares for War

- The American navy
- The Selective Service Act

More War, More Government

- The Lever Act
- The "Huns"
- The Espionage Act and The Sedition Act
- Eugene Debs

The Pope's Peace Efforts

- Pope Benedict XV
- National Catholic War Council
- The pope's peace plan rejected

Fourteen Points for Peace

- · League of Nations
- Emperor Karl
- Americans on the Western Front
- Belleau Wood
- The Battle of Chateau-Thierry
- · Kaiser Wilhelm II
- Armistice

A New World Order

- Versailles and the League of Nations
- Germany is made to pay
- · Redrawing boundaries
- · Ivan Ilyich Lenin

A Return to "Normalcy"

- · Isolationists
- The Hague
- Edith Wilson
- · Treaty and League Rejected

The Election of 1920

- Warren Harding and Calvin Coolidge
- Normalcy

Chapter 19: The Wild Decade

Machines that Changed America and the World

- · Henry Ford and the "horseless carriage"
- The Ford Motor Company and the Model T
- · The assembly line
- The automobile, cheap gasoline, and the "American Dream"

Machines of the Air

- · Orville and Wilbur Wright
- Air transportation
- Charles Lindbergh and "The Spirit of St. Louis"

No More Tired and Poor, No More "Huddled Masses"

- · Emma Lazarus
- The Johnson Quota Act
- The National Origins Act

The Growth of Cities

- · Ghettos
- Urban growth
- · Monoculture and mechanization

No Booze, But Votes for Women

- · Carrie Nation of Medicine Lodge
- Women's Christian Temperance Union
- 18th Amendment
- · The Volstead Act

Culture and Change in America

- · Culture and personal character
- · Protestant culture and English traditions
- · Cultural homogenization
- Tin Pan Alley and Vaudeville
- · Moving pictures and Hollywood
- · Mass production, processed foods, and advertising

Prohibition and Its Effects

- The "Demon Liquor"
- Bootleggers
- Al Capone and Johnny Torrio
- St. Valentine's Day Massacre

A Lost Generation

- Cultural effects of World War I
- · Pragmatism and John Dewey
- Margaret Sanger and the American Birth Control League
- · Worldly pursuits and social virtue

The President of Normalcy

- · Warren G. Harding and the "Ohio Gang"
- · Isolationism
- · National Disarmament Conference
- The American Relief Administration
- The New Ku Klux Klan

Corruption

- Harding's Death
- Fraud revealed in the Harding administration
- Teapot Dome Scandal

Cal, Silent and Cool

- "Keep Cool with Coolidge"
- Tax cuts and speculation
- · Kellogg-Briand Peace Pact

Prosperity and Collapse

- · Herbert Hoover
- Republican prosperity

Republican Prosperity Below the Surface

- The "American Dream" on the surface
- · Supply and demand
- · Europe and U.S. manufactured goods
- · Stocks on margin
- · An uneven distribution of wealth

The Crash of '29

- Black Thursday and Black Tuesday
- Collapse into poverty
- · Hoover and the Great Depression
- Volunteerism
- · Farm boards and charity drives
- The Reconstruction Finance Corporation

A New Deal

- · Franklin Delano Roosevelt
- · Joseph Patrick Kennedy
- FDR's New Deal

A New Vision

Chapter 20: Depression, New Deals, and War

The 100 Days

- · Roosevelt and the banks
- · Fireside Chats, lame ducks, and the 20th Amendment
- The Agricultural Adjustments Act
- Civilian Conservation Corps
- · NIRA and NRA
- · Frances Perkins
- The Tennessee Valley Authority

Disaster on the Plains

- · Poor soil management and dust bowls
- · "Okies" west

The New Deal Continues

- First Lady and helpmate
- Equal opportunity for black employment
- · Securities and Exchange Commission
- The New Deal and public debt

Enter the Supreme Court

- Liberal and conservative Supreme Court justices
- · Schechter Poultry v. the United States
- · Steward Machine Co. v. Davis
- FDR bides his time

Opponents of the New Deal

- Socialists, communists, and some progressives
- · American Liberty League
- Father Charles Coughlin
- Huey Long
- The National Union for Social Justice

Catholic Critiques

- Dorothy Day and Catholic radicals
- Father Ryan and a living wage
- · Quadragesimo Anno

Roosevelt's Second Term

- Attempt to pack the court
- · A new progressive court

- Fair Labor Standards Act
- Crises overseas
- Opposition to foreign entanglements

Totalitarian Regimes

- Josif Stalin
- Benito Mussolini
- · Adolf Hitler and the Third Reich

Conflicts in Europe and Asia

- Japan's belligerence
- Rome-Berlin Axis
- Spanish Civil War

Aggression and Response

- Neutrality acts
- · Neville Chamberlain
- · German aggression and satellite states
- The U.S.S. Panay

From "Phony" to Real War

- · Siegfried Line and blitzkrieg
- · Germany invades the north
- · The Triple Axis

The Americans Respond

- · The "Short of War" Policy
- · The America First Committee
- · The Four Freedoms and the Lend-Lease Program
- Winston Churchill and the Atlantic Charter

The Day of Infamy

- Greater East Asia Co-Prosperity Sphere
- · Pearl Harbor

Chapter 21: The Greater War: World War II

The Japanese Advance in the Pacific

· Battle of Midway

War in the Atlantic

- · German U-boats and British shipping
- · Plans for Operation Torch

From Defense to Offense in the Pacific

- Guadalcanal
- · Japanese internment camps

From North Africa into Europe

- · General Eisenhower
- · The Battle of Stalingrad
- · Casablanca and unconditional surrender
- The Combined Bomber Offensive
- · General George Patton in Tunisia

Strategic Bombing and the Invasion of Italy

- German cities bombed
- · Patton takes Sicily
- Marshall Pietro Badoglio
- · The Gustav and Gothic Lines

Meanwhile, in the Pacific...

- General MacArthur
- · American Pacific strategy
- Admiral Jisaburo Ozawa

Stalin Meets His Allies at Teheran

· Differing goals

- Roosevelt's optimism
- Stalin's security belt

Catholics and the War

- · American Catholic attitudes to the war
- · National Catholic Welfare Conference
- · Dorothy Day and pacifism
- · Pope Pius XII

On the Verge of Victory

- The German Luftwaffe
- · D-Day
- · Patton and the Battle for France
- Preparing to defeat the Axis

The Pacific War and An American Election

- The Battle of Leyte Gulf
- Roosevelt Wins a Fourth Term

The Invasion of Germany

- German resistance
- Dresden destroyed
- · Stalin, Roosevelt, and Churchill at Yalta
- The Red Army
- Spheres of influence
- · Stalin's demands

The Fall of Germany

- Concentration camps
- Berlin captured
- The death of Roosevelt

Victory in the Pacific

- · Iwo Jima and Okinawa
- · The Manhattan Project
- Potsdam ultimatum
- Hiroshima and Nagasaki
- Surrender on the U.S.S. Missouri
- The Church's response to indiscriminate warfare

Chapter 22: In the Aftermath of World War II

The Cold War

- · The Iron Curtain
- · Potsdam Conference
- · Formidable "Uncle Joe"

The United Nations and the Atomic Bomb

- The United Nations
- The General Assembly gathers
- The Acheson-Lilienthal Plan vs. the Baruch Plan
- · Tests on Bikini Atoll

Post-War Occupation of Europe and Japan

- Allied occupation of Germany
- Nuremberg Trials
- · The Marshall Plan
- MacArthur's Japan
- The Eugenic Protection Law

Containment

- The Truman Doctrine
- · Berlin Blockade
- · Federal Republic of Germany
- · German Democratic Republic
- North Atlantic Treaty Organization

- · Mao Zedong
- · The nuclear arms race begins

An Unpopular President

- · A "Fair Deal" rejected
- Truman loses popularity
- · Taft-Hartley Act
- Divisions in the Democratic Party
- Truman defeats Dewey

The Cold War Heats Up

- The House Un-American Activities Committee
- · The "Hollywood Ten"
- Whittaker Chambers and Alger Hiss
- · Julius and Ethel Rosenberg
- · War in Korea

The Korean War

- The Naktong Offensive
- Inchon
- Opposition from Communist "Red China"
- MacArthur replaced
- · The 38th Parallel

Anti-Communism and Its Fallout

- · Joseph McCarthy
- · Tydings Committee Report
- · President Dwight D. Eisenhower

Dynamic Conservatism

- · Increasing dominance of large corporations
- · The end of the "McCarthy Era"

Foreign Policy in the Age of Ike

- · Central Intelligence Agency
- Fear and military expansion
- · Stockpiles, ICBMs, and the thermonuclear bomb
- · Sputnik I and II
- The National Aeronautics and Space Act

Civil Rights

- · Chief Justice Earl Warren
- · Brown v. Board of Education of Topeka
- NAACP
- · Rosa Parks
- · Martin Luther King, Jr.
- The National Guard in Arkansas
- · Civil Rights Act of 1957

Suburban Flight

- · 1950s Prosperity
- The GI Bill
- · Automobiles, highways, and suburban culture
- Television and a homogenous culture
- · New pressures on the American family
- · What lay beneath the surface

Chapter 23: America's Tumultuous Years

The Kennedy Years

- The election of 1960
- New Frontier measures
- · The Kennedy charm

Kennedy, the Anti-Communist

Vietnam

- · Fidel Castro and Ernesto "Che" Guevara
- The Cuban Missile Crisis
- The space race
- Limited Test Ban Treaty

Sit-ins and Freedom Riders

- Sit-ins
- · Freedom Riders
- James Meredith
- · Martin Luther King, Jr. at the Lincoln Memorial

Assassination

- · Assassination of President Kennedy
- President Lyndon B. Johnson

Revolutionary Years

- Civil Rights Act of 1964
- Equal Employment Opportunity Commission
- Senator Barry Goldwater
- The Great Society

War in Southeast Asia

- War in Vietnam
- The Viet Cong
- Tonkin Resolution

The Rise of the Counterculture

- The Baby Boom Generation
- Propaganda
- Military conscription
- · Malcolm X
- Counterculture
- Hippies, Summer of Love, and the sexual revolution
- · National Organization for Women

A Year of Unrest

- The Tet Offensive
- Antiwar protests
- The assassinations of Martin Luther King, Jr. and Robert Kennedy
- Violence at the Democratic National Convention
- President Richard Nixon
- · American Catholics move into the mainstream
- · The Kennedy effect and Catholics
- Archbishop Fulton Sheen

The Church in Crisis

- Pope John XXIII
- The Second Vatican Council
- · The aftermath of the council

The Nixon Years

- Troop withdrawals, but the war goes on
- · Nixon the environmentalist
- Neil Armstrong
- · The week that changed the world
- · Brezhnev Comes to Washington
- Watergate

A New Fight for Justice

- · Roe v. Wade
- · The anti-abortion movement

Light to the Nations II: The Making of the Modern World

Scope and Sequence

Introduction: The Scientific Revolution

Philosophy and Science

- The philosophy of the Middle Ages
- The new way of empirical science

The Copernican Revolution

- The geocentric theory
- Copernicus's heliocentric theory

Science and Christendom

- Galileo Galilei
- · Tycho Brahe and Johannes Kepler
- The trial of Galileo

Francis Bacon, the Philosopher of Science

- · Bacon's Novum Organum
- Induction

Isaac Newton

- The Principia Mathematica
- · The search for natural laws

Chapter 1: The Age of Enlightenment

Descartes and His Method

Skeptics and Libertines

A New "Religion"

- Deism
- · Baruch Spinoza
- Pierre Bayle and the *Dictionary*

The Rise of Liberalism

- · Thomas Hobbes, Leviathan, and the social contract
- · John Locke, the social contract and freedom
- What is Liberalism?

The Enlightenment

- Voltaire, the playwright
- · Voltaire, the philosopher
- Denis Diderot and the Encyclopedia

The Prophet of Democracy

- Jean-Jacques Rousseau's early life
- Rousseau the philosopher
- · Rousseau and Voltaire
- · Rousseau's The Social Contract

The Death of Philosophers

Chapter 2: The Age of Enlightened Despots

Russia

- · Pyotr the Great, his goals and triumphs
- Pyotr's successors
- · Katerina the Great

The Rise of Prussia

• The development of Prussia in the 16th and 17th centuries

- · Prussia becomes a kingdom
- King Friedrich Wilhelm I
- · King Friedrich II (the Great) of Prussia

Austria and the Holy Roman Empire

- The growth of Austrian power
- Karl VI and the "Pragmatic Sanction"
- · Maria Theresia
- The War of the Austrian Succession

Maria Theresia and Friedrich the Great

- · The reign and policies of Friedrich the Great
- The Seven Years' War
- The reign of Maria Theresia

Enlightened Despotism, Habsburg Style

- Emperor Josef II
- Josephism
- War, rebellion, and the death of Emperor Josef

Chapter 3: The Church before the Revolution

The Popes against the Powers

- · Gallicanism, Febronianism, and Jansenism
- The character of the 18th century popes
- Pope Benedict XIV
- The rise of Freemasonry
- The suppression of the Jesuits
- · Pietists, Quakers, and Methodists
- Pope Pius VI

The Church on the Eve of Revolution

- The ills affecting the Church of the 18th century
- · Not all was darkness
- The Church in France
- The Church outside of France
- Three saints of Italy—Paolo della Croce, Leonardo of Port Maurice, and Alphonsus de Liguori

Chapter 4: Revolution in France

France before the Revolution

- Royal absolutism
- The condition of the nobles
- · The plight of the peasantry and the poor of the cities
- · The bourgeoisie

The Road to Revolution

- King Louis XVI and the monetary woes of his kingdom
- Bankruptcy crisis
- · Louis XVI calls a meeting of the Estates-General

The Revolution Begins

- The gathering of the Estates-General
- The Third Estate proclaims itself the National Assembly
- The Oath of the Tennis Court
- The king recognizes the National Assembly

- The king prepares to crush the revolution
- The storming of the Bastille

The Liberal Revolution

- · Chaos in the countryside
- The National Assembly adopts the Declaration of the Rights of Man and of the Citizen

The King and the Revolution

- The debates of the National Assembly over a constitution
- A mob attacks the king at Versailles; he returns to Paris
- · Anti-clerical legislation
- The National Assembly approves, and the king signs, the Civil Constitution of the Clergy
- Mass at the Altar of the Nation
- The redivision of France
- · The king's flight to Varennes and his capture

The Constitution of 1791

- Opponents of the Constitution
- The political clubs: Cordeliers and Jacobins
- · King Louis XVI reinstated
- The National Assembly approves the Constitution of 1791; the king signs it

The Last Days of the Monarchy

- · Divisions in the Legislative Assembly
- The allies declare war on France
- Danton and the revolutionary commune seize control of Paris
- · A mob attacks the Tuileries; the king and his family flee
- · The Legislative Assembly deposes the king

The Republic

- The establishment of the First Republic
- September Massacres
- The Battle of Valmy

Chapter 5: Many Revolutions

New Party Divisions in France

The Course of the War against the Republic

The Trial and Execution of King Louis XVI

Great Britain Goes to War with France

The Government of Great Britain

- · King and Parliament
- The development of the British government in the 17th and 18th centuries
- The character of the British Constitution
- The British oligarchy

The Industrial Revolution

- British colonial trade and the growth of the middle class
- The development of capitalism
- The steam engine revolutionizes manufacturing
- The rise of the factory system; the destruction of the guilds and small manufacturers
- · Factory labor and the plight of the working class in the cities

The Agricultural Revolution

- The development of "scientific" agriculture
- The development of new agricultural machinery
- Enclosures and their effects on the rural population of Britain

King George III

- The king and his Whig opponents; Charles James Fox
- Edmund Burke
- The king's prime minister, William Pitt

Chapter 6: The Rise and Fall of Jacobin France

Factions in the National Convention

- Danton's attempts to unify the factions
- The Girondins vs. the Mountain
- The Enragés and the sans-culottes
- The treason of Dumouriez
- The creation of the Committee of Public Safety

Revolt in the Vendée

- The conscription law
- · The revolt breaks out
- The capture of Fontenay

The Triumph of the Jacobins

- Girondin opposition to price controls
- The trial and acquittal of Jean-Paul Marat
- Girondin missteps—the creation of the Committee of Twelve
- The National Convention orders the arrests of the Girondin leaders

The Jacobin Revolution

- The Constitution of 1793 approved and suspended
- Allied victories against the republic
- · Girondin revolts in the departments
- The murder of Marat
- The reform of the Committee of Public Safety
- Robespierre becomes master of the Committee
- France, a nation in arms

The Reign of Terror

- · Royalist revolts—Toulon
- The Law of Suspects
- Execution of 40 Girondins and Marie Antoinette
- Napoleon Bonaparte and the capture of Toulon
- Revolutionary Tribunals
- Jean-Baptiste Carrier, the "Butcher of Nantes"
- · Increased assaults on the Church
- Notre Dame cathedral in Paris turned into a Temple of Reason

The Triumph of Robespierre

- Danton seeks to end the Terror
- Danton and Robespierre against the atheists
- Robespierre turns against Danton
- · Republican military victories
- Robespierre destroys the *Enragés*
- · Danton's arrest, trial, and execution

The Reign of the Terrorist

- Robespierre and the Festival of the Supreme Being
- The Law of the 22nd Prairial—Robespierre intensifies the Terror
- The martyrdom of the Carmelite nuns of Compiègne
- The Committee of Public Safety turns against Robespierre, Couthon, and Saint-Just
- · The execution of Robespierre, Couthon, and Saint-Just

The Close of the Revolution

• The Thermidorean reaction

- The Jacobin Club closed
- The last uprisings of the sans-culottes
- The establishment of the Constitution of the Year III—the Directory
- The Two-Thirds Law
- Rebellion against the Directory put down by Napoleon Bonaparte

Chapter 7: The Triumph of the "Little Corporal"

The "Little Corporal"

- The background of Napoleon Bonaparte
- Napoleon's invasion of Italy; the battle of Cherasco
- The Battle of Lodi
- Pope Pius VI signs an armistice with Napoleon
- · Napoleon's victories in northern Italy
- The Treaty of Tolentino
- · Pope Pius VI exiled from Rome

The Path to Dictatorship

- · Napoleon and Austria sign the Peace of Leoben
- · Napoleon leads an invasion of Egypt
- French defeats in Europe
- · Napoleon returns to France and overthrows the Directory
- Establishment of the Constitution of the Year VIII—The Consulate

A New Pope

- The conclave of 1799-1800
- Cardinal Chiaramonti of Imola
- The election of Chiaramonti, Pope Pius VII
- The pope returns to Rome

The First Consul

- The Battle of Marengo
- The Treaty of Lunéville
- · Napoleon's reforms as First Consul
- · Napoleon signs the concordat with Rome

A New Dynasty

- · Attempted assassination of Napoleon
- · Napoleon made Consul for Life
- · War with Great Britain
- The execution of the Duke of Enghien

Republican Emperor

- The French Senate proclaims Napoleon emperor of France
- Pope Pius VII comes to Paris
- Pope Pius VII consecrates Napoleon as emperor of France; Napoleon crowns himself

Chapter 8: The Wars of Napoleon

The "Enlightened" Autocrat

- Tsar Aleksandr I's rise to power
- · The Third Coalition

Battle of the Three Emperors

- Ulm, Vienna, Austerlitz
- Trafalgar

The End of an Age

- · Pope Pius VII's relations with Napoleon
- Formation of the Confederation of the Rhine
- End of the Holy Roman Empire

War Renewed

- The war of the Fourth Coalition
- · The battles of Eylau and Friedland
- The meeting at Tilsit

The Emperor against Rome and Spain

- · Growing tensions between Napoleon and the pope
- Napoleon makes Joseph Bonaparte king of Spain
- Napoleon invades Spain
- Uprisings against French rule in Spain
- The war of the Fifth Coalition
- Napoleon abolishes the pope's temporal rule
- Pope Pius VII excommunicates Napoleon
- Napoleon forces Pius VII into exile

Napoleon's Grand Dream

- · Andreas Hofer and the revolt of the Tyrol
- Napoleon divorces Josephine and marries Maria Louisa
- Trouble with Russia

1812

- · The invasion of Russia
- · Scorched earth and blood
- The Battle of Borodino
- The capture of Moscow
- The burning of Moscow
- · Napoleon's retreat and the destruction of his army

Chapter 9: Metternich's Europe

The Fall of Napoleon

- The Campaign of 1813
- The Battle of Leipzig
- Napoleon abdicates
- · Louis XVIII becomes king of France

Many Restorations

- Metternich's Concert of Europe
- · The Congress of Vienna
- The Hundred Days
- The Battle of Waterloo
- · Napoleon sent to Saint Helena
- The formation of the Quadruple Alliance
- The Holy Alliance

Europe Divided

- Napoleon and the modern state
- · Nationalism
- · Religious revival and renewal
- · Klemens Maria Hofbauer
- · Joseph de Maistre

The Concert of Europe

- Metternich and Liberalism
- Karlsbad Decrees
- · Louis XVIII and Liberalism in France
- King Fernando VII of Spain
- The Spanish Constitution of 1812
- Liberal rebellion in Spain
- The Quadruple Alliance restores Fernando VII

The End of an Age

- Italy after the Peace Settlement of 1815
- The Carbonari and Liberal revolts in Italy
- The death of Napoleon

· The death of Pius VI

Chapter 10: Romanticism and Revolt, Part I

The Birth of Romanticism

- Friedrich von Schlegel and Romanticism
- Other Romantics
- Romantic Art

Reaction and Reform in England

- The Tory Radical, William Cobbett
- The fight for reform
- · The Last Laborers' revolt
- · Earl Grey's reform

Russia, the Holy Mother and Mistress of the East

- The latter reign of Tsar Aleksandr I
- · The reign of Tsar Nikolai I
- Defender of Orthodoxy—the Greek war of independence

The Sorrows of Poland

- The Uprising of 1830
- · The aftermath of the uprising

Chapter 11: Romanticism and Revolt, Part II

The July Revolution in France

- The latter reign of Louis XVIII
- The reign of Charles X
- · The "Citizen King," Louis Philippe
- · The Belgian revolution

The Sorrows of Italy

- Italy's many realms
- The popes after Pius VII
- The reign of Pope Gregory XVI
- Giuseppe Mazzini and Young Italy

Disappointment and Unrest

- · Industrialism and the growth of cities
- · Democratic Liberalism
- · Saint-Simon, the father of French socialism
- · Louis Blanc and socialism
- Pierre Joseph Proudhon and anarchism
- · Catholics look at the Social Question
- · Antoine-Fréderic Ozanam

A "Liberal Pope"—Pius IX

- The pope's early life
- The early reign of Pius IX

Eighteen Hundred and Forty-Eight

- · Revolution in France; Louis Philippe flees to England
- The Second Republic
- · Unrest against the republic
- · Louis-Napoleon Bonaparte

Chapter 12: The Triumph of Liberalism

The Fall of Metternich

- · Lajos Kossuth and Hungary
- The Viennese students rise
- · The resignation of Metternich

The Year of Revolutions

- · Rebellion in Vienna
- Rebellion in Italy

- Revolution in Germany
- · The Frankfurt Diet

The Turning of the Tide

- Austrian successes in Italy
- · Counterrevolution triumphant in Austria and Bohemia

A Second Wave of Revolutions

- · Rebellion in Rome; Pope Pius IX flees the city
- · Counterrevolution triumphant in Austria and Bohemia
- · The Habsburgs, Hungary, and Prussia
- The end of the 1848 revolution in Germany
- · The triumph and fall of Lajos Kossuth
- The Roman Republic
- · Giuseppe Garibaldi
- France restores the pope's power in Rome

The Revolution Triumphant

- Louis Napoleon's rise to absolute power
- The establishment of the Second Empire under Louis-Napoleon—Emperor Napoleon III

The Risorgimento of Italy

- · King Vittorio Emanuele II of Piedmont-Sardinia
- The career of Count Cavour
- The War of 1859
- · Garibaldi and the Two Sicilies
- The kingdom of Italy

Chapter 13: An Era of Change and Conflict

Journalist, Philosopher, Revolutionary

- The Manifesto of the Communist Party
- The early career of Karl Marx

The Industrial Revolution

- The communications and transportation revolution
- · Industrialism spreads from England to the continent

New Social Classes

- The high bourgeoisie
- The petty bourgeoisie
- · The proletariat

Reform or Revolution?

- · The reforming Liberals
- The peaceful socialists
- · The violent socialists—anarchists and Communists
- Social Catholicism

The Challenge of Science

- Louis Pasteur
- · Charles Darwin
- Materialism

Chapter 14: New Powers, Old Battles

The Pope Besieged

- Pius IX and Liberalism
- The Syllabus of Errors
- Garibaldi's army assaults the Papal States
- The Battle of Mentana
- The Vatican Council

By Blood and Iron

Otto von Bismarck

- The taming of the Landtag
- · The Seven Weeks' War
- Austria cut off from Germany

The Rise and Fall of Empires

- Napoleon III and France
- · Bismarck seeks to provoke a war with France
- The Franco-Prussian War
- The fall of Napoleon III and the establishment of the Third Republic
- Italy conquers Rome, the end of the Papal States
- · The establishment of the German Empire

The New Empire

- · Bismarck and the German Empire
- Kulturkampf

A New Pope and Peace

- The death of Pius IX
- Pope Leo XIII
- The end of the *Kulturkampf*

Chapter 15: Into a New Century

The Paris Commune

The Third Republic

- The Constitution of 1875
- · Monarchist ascendancy
- The triumph of republicanism

From German to World Empire

- · Bismarck and socialism
- Chancellor of peace
- European colonialism
- German colonialism
- · Kaiser Wilhelm II and Bismarck's resignation
- The kaiser's world politics

Queen Victoria's Empire

- · Liberals and Conservatives
- · Those troublesome Irish
- The end of isolation
- The taming of the House of Lords

Russia

- · The assassination of Aleksandr II
- · Aleksandr III, repression, and "Russification"
- · Industrialization, imperialism, and the Russo-Japanese War

The Popes in a New World

- · Pope Leo XIII and the French republic
- The workingman's pope

Chapter 16: Europe at War Again Liberalism and Optimism

Revolution in Russia

- · Bloody Sunday
- Narodniki, Socialist Revolutionaries, Plekhanov, Lenin, and Trotsky
- The October Manifesto
- · Return to the Old Regime

Austria-Hungary and the Balkans

- · Establishment of the Dual Monarchy
- · Changes in the imperial government
- Trouble in the Balkans

Diplomatic Crises

- · Troubles in Morocco
- To the brink of war

Italy, Turkey, and the Balkan "Powder Keg"

- The Italo-Turkish War
- · War in the Balkans

Europe at War

- Emperor Franz Josef and the archdukes Franz Ferdinand and Karl
- · Assassination in Sarajevo
- The ultimatum
- More ultimatums
- · Beginning of the "Great War"

Victory in the East, Stalemate in the West

Chapter 17: "The Great War"

Pope of Peace

- The death of Pius X
- · Election of Benedict XV
- The pope and the war

The Year 1915

- The war in the east
- Zeppelins and blockades
- The sinking of the Lusitania

The Year 1916

- · Victory and defeat in Italy and the east
- · Proposals for peace

America Enters the War

- · Death of Franz Josef; the reign of Emperor Karl
- · Peace emperor
- U-boats and the USA
- The United States declares war

The Battles of 1917

The Last Romanov

- · Rasputin and the tsar's family
- The fall of the tsar
- The return of Comrade Lenin

The Pope's Peace Plan

Seven Points for Peace

The Red Revolution

- · The Bolshevik October Revolution
- The Soviet government

President Wilson's War

- The Fourteen Points
- Peace on the Eastern Front

Last Offensives of the Central Powers

- · Disaster on the Italian Front
- The turning of the tide

The Collapse of the Central Powers

- The fall of the kaiser
- · The last Habsburg
- · The guns fall silent

Chapter 18: The Rise of Totalitarian Regimes

Russia

- · The assassination of Tsar Nikolai II and his family
- · Whites and Reds
- The Red Terror

The Peace of Paris

- The Treaty of Versailles
- The fate of the Habsburg Empire
- · The death of Emperor Karl
- The new nations of Central Europe
- The new nations of northeastern Europe

The Development of Red Russia

- The USSR and the party
- · Josif Stalin

Fascism in Italy

- · Benito Mussolini
- · The Blackshirts
- Il Duce
- The pope and *Il Duce*
- The Lateran Treaty

An Unstable Republic

- The Weimar Republic
- · Germany's woes
- · Occupation, resistance, and recovery

The Rise of the "Third Reich"

- Adolf Hitler
- The Triumph of the *Führer*
- Dictatorship
- Hitler and the Church
- The pope against the Führer

Chapter 19: An Even Greater War

Austria

- · Engelbert Dolfuss
- · Dolfuss against the Nazis
- · Assassination of Dolfuss

The End of the Versailles Treaty

- · Hitler rearms Germany
- · Italy and Ethiopia
- The Anschluss with Austria

Josif Stalin's Reign of Terror

- · Five-Year Plans
- The new industrial power
- · Comrade Stalin's war against religion
- · The "Great Purges"

Civil War in Spain

- The development of Spain in the 19th and early 20th centuries
- The Second Spanish Republic
- Two governments and anarchy
- The fall of the Second Republic

Hitler's Road to War

- Neville Chamberlain and Hitler
- Hitler and Czechoslovakia
- Italy's invasion of Albania
- · Hitler, Stalin, and Blitzkrieg

The Second World War

- · The first offensives
- The continuing Axis offensive
- · Hitler goes to war with Stalin
- The United States enters the war

Chapter 20: The End of a War and the Beginning of a New World

The Turning of the Tide

- · The Battle of Stalingrad
- · Roosevelt and Churchill at Casablanca

The Invasion of Italy

- · Liberation of Rome
- · Conference at Teheran

The Holocaust

The Pope and the War

· The pope and the Jews

The Last Campaigns

- D-Day
- The invasion of Germany
- Yalta and the fall of Hitler

From Hot to "Cold War"

- · Old nations, new governments
- The United Nations
- · The Iron Curtain

The Struggle between the Superpowers

- Recovery plans and the Marshall Plan
- The Berlin airlift
- NATO
- · The Berlin Wall
- · The nuclear arms race
- The spread of Communism

The Quest for Unity

- Social democracy
- Forerunners to the European Union
- Coca-Colonization in Europe and the World

The Church and the Modern World

- The Church confronts the modern world
- The Second Vatican Council
- · The aftermath of the council
- · Religious liberty

Into a New Millennium

Lands of Hope and Promise: A History of North America

Scope and Sequence

Chapter 1: Explorers and Conquistadors

The Genovese Mariner

- · Columbus' background
- Columbus' first voyage to the Indies
- · Columbus discovers the New World
- Columbus' second voyage to the New World
- · Columbus governs the New World
- · Columbus' third voyage

Other New World Explorers

- · Juan Ponce de León
- · Vasco Nuñez de Balboa
- Juan Sebastián Elacano

The Conqueror of Mexico: Hernán Cortés

- · Cortés sails to Mexico
- The Aztecs
- · Cortés wages war on Montezuma
- · The Aztecs defeat Cortés
- Cortés marches on Mexico again and conquers the Aztecs

Quest for the Cities of Gold: Hernando de Soto

- · De Soto sets out to find the legendary Cities of Gold
- · De Soto's discoveries in North America
- · The Pueblo Indians

Francisco Vasquez de Coronado

- The purpose of Coronado's expedition
- The lands Coronado explored

Chapter 2: The Progress of Spanish America

In Search of Justice: Improving the State of the Indians

- Treatment of the Indians in New Spain
- Las Casas' labors to bring justice to the Indians
- The Franciscans
- The missionaries' attempts to Christianize and civilize native cultures through learning

New Mexico

- · Early attempts at settlement in New Mexico
- · Juan de Oñate settles New Mexico

La Florida

- · Spain's discovery and settlement of Florida
- Indians of Florida rebel against the Spaniards

Chapter 3: France Settles the New World

First Voyages

- · Why France settled the New World
- The explorations and discoveries of Giovanni da Verrazzano
- Jacques Cartier's explorations and discoveries

The Founding of New France

The Natives of New France

- · The Mohawks
- · The Iroquois

· The Huron

Missionaries of New France

North American Martyrs

- · Jean de Brébeuf
- · Isaac Jogues

New France Grows

- French colonization in North America
- Louis Joliet and Jacques Marquette's explorations and discoveries
- The explorations and discoveries of Lord de La Salle
- · The settlement of Louisiana

Chapter 4: England Comes to America

England's Columbus

- England's reasons for exploring the New World
- · The explorations and discoveries of John Cabot
- The birth of Protestantism
- · English pirates

English Settlements in the New World

- Walter Raleigh's settlements
- · The founding of Virginia
- The London Company's settlement of Virginia
- · Captain John Smith and the founding of Jamestown
- The saving of Virginia
- · Pocahontas

Dutch Settlement of the New World

- The voyages of Henry Hudson
- · The establishment of the New Netherlands

The Pilgrims

- The "Saints" head for the New World
- The "Saints" settle in the New World

Chapter 5: the English Colonies

The Pilgrims and the Puritans

- · The City on a Hill
- Beliefs and customs of the Saints and the Puritans
- New England heretics

Troubles with the Indians

· King Philip's War

The United Colonies of New England

· Troubles with English monarchs

Virginia, the Old Dominion

- · Troubles in Virginia
- Life in Virginia
- · Nathaniel Bacon's rebellion

Maryland

- Sir George Calvert's haven for Catholics
- · The settlement of Maryland
- · Religious toleration threatened

New York

New Amsterdam becomes New York

Pennsylvania

- · William Penn
- · The foundation of Pennsylvania

Chapter 6: The Struggle for a Continent

Wars in North America

- · Oueen Anne's War
- · War in the North
- The War of Jenkins' Ear
- The Albany Congress

The French and Indian War

Chapter 7: Spanish America in the 17th and 18th Centuries

New Mexico destroyed

· Indian rebellions

Spanish America

- The character of Spanish America
- · Spanish society in the New World
- · Life in New Spain
- · The Church in New Spain

The Missions of Pimería Alta

- · Padre Kino
- · Rebellion in the Pimería missions
- · The Pimería after Kino

The Missions of Alta California

- Fray Junípero Serra
- Fray Junípero establishes missions
- · Conversion of the Indians
- Martyrs in California

A Passage to New Mexico

· Don Juan Bautista de Anza's explorations

Chapter 8: The Causes of the American Revolution

Life and Society in the English colonies

· Westward expansion

Revolutionary Ideas

- · Liberalism and Republicanism
- The Great Awakening

Kindling the Flames of Rebellion

- The Stamp Act
- The Revenue Act
- · Patrick Henry's "Resolves"
- · Reaction to and repealing of the Stamp Act
- The Townshend Acts
- · The Boston Massacre
- The Boston Tea Party

Chapter 9: The American Revolution

Growing Discontent

- The Coercive and Quebec Acts
- The first Continental Congress

- The Declaration and Resolves
- The New England Restraining Act

The War Begins

- · The Battle of Lexington
- Ticonderoga
- The second Continental Congress
- Bunker Hill

The Declaration of Independence

- Thomas Paine's Common Sense
- · Thomas Jefferson drafts the Declaration of Independence
- The colonies become the United States

The War Continues

- · Saratoga
- · Alliance with France
- · The dark years of the war
- The tide turns
- Yorktown and victory

Chapter 10: A New Nation

Revolutionary Governments

- · Bills of Rights
- · The Articles of Confederation
- Republican reforms
- · Enactments of religious freedom

Religion in the New Republic

The Struggle for a New Government

- Problems with the Articles of Confederation
- Other troubles
- · The Northwest Ordinance
- · Rebellion in Massachusetts

A New Constitution

- Writing of the new constitution
- · The small states fight back
- The Connecticut Compromise

The Fight for Ratification

• The Federalist

The First President

George Washington's first and second terms

Chapter 11: The First Test of the Union

The Revolution of 1800

- · The Naturalization, Alien, and Sedition Acts
- The election of 1800

Disintegration of Society

- Love of commerce
- Breaking of societal ties
- · The Second Great Awakening
- · Voluntary societies

Jefferson's Presidency

- · Marbury v. Madison
- · The Louisiana Purchase
- Lewis and Clark

The War of 1812

- · War at sea
- The war in the south

The defense of New Orleans and the end of the war

Chapter 12: Revolution in New Spain

The "Golden Age" of California

· Life and society in California

Progress and Decline in the Missions

Troubles with the mission Indians

Revolution in Mexico

- · Prelude to the revolution
- · Padre Hidalgo
- · Vicente Guerrero

More Revolution

- · The bloodless revolution
- Iturbide's revolution
- · Mexico independent
- · Liberalism in Mexico
- · Emperor Agustín
- · The Republic of Mexico

Chapter 13: Good Feelings and Hard Times

The Catholic Church in the Early 19th Century

- · Crisis in the American Church
- · Bishop John England
- The Church on the frontier

The "Era of Good Feelings"

· The Patriot War

The Death Knell of the Union

- · Business panic
- The Tallmadge amendment
- · The slavery question
- · Political rivalry between North and South
- · Controversy over Missouri
- The Monroe Doctrine

The Democratic Revolution

- · Andrew Jackson's election
- The Tariff of Abominations and Nullification

The Trail of Tears

- · Black Hawk
- The Five Civilized Tribes
- · Indian removal from the East

Chapter 14: Mexico and Manifest Destiny

An Unstable Republic

- · Mexico begins to lose her economic freedom
- · to northern Europe
- Santa Anna rebels and Congress proclaims
- Vincente Guerrero president
- Spain tries to reconquer Mexico
- Another rebellion
- Santa Anna becomes president

The New Constitution

- Conservatives call for the expulsion of Liberals
- Congress replaces the Constitution of 1824 with a new constitution

The Alamo

- · Texian discontent with rule in Mexico
- Rebellion
- The battle of the Alamo

More Wars

- · The Pastry War
- · Santa Anna becomes dictator of Mexico
- · California's oath of allegiance to Mexico
- California's civil conflicts

The Draw of the West

- The Mountainy Men
- · Oregon Fever
- Mormonism

Manifest Destiny

- The United States' "Manifest Destiny"
- · John C. Frémont
- The Bear Flag Revolt
- · War with the United States
- · Treaty of Guadalupe Hidalgo

Chapter 15: On the Eve of Disunion

Progress in the United States

- Increased productivity and industrialism
- · Growth of eastern cities
- 19th century inventions
- · Immigration

The Sectarian Spirit

· New religions and sects

Reform Movements

- Free public schools
- The search for Utopia

The South

- · Life and society in the South
- · Slavery in the South
- Nate Turner's rebellion

The Gold Rush

- · John Marshall finds gold in California
- · California becomes a state
- · Anti-foreigner feeling in California
- · The fate of the Indians in California

Chapter 16: A House Divided

Abolition and Antislavery

- · William Lloyd Garrison
- · Theodore Dwight Weld
- · Angelina Grimké
- · Frederick Douglass
- Sojourner Truth
- Southern retaliation
- The Catholic position

The Fight over the Territories

- The Wilmot Proviso
- · Calhoun and Webster
- Clay's Compromise
- The Fugitive Slave Law

The 1850s

- The Young Americans
- Filibustering
- · The Ostend Manifesto
- The Kansas-Nebraska Act

Bloody Kansas

- · A House Divided
- · The Dred Scott case
- · John Brown
- Lincoln-Douglas debates
- · Lincoln wins the election of 1860
- Secession
- · The Confederate States of America
- The war begins

Chapter 17: A Brothers' War

The North and the South

- · Goals of the presidents
- · Differences between the North and the South

From Words to Blows

- Manassas (Bull Run)
- Struggles over the border states
- · Forts Henry and Donelson
- Shiloh
- · The capture of New Orleans
- · Lee becomes commander-in-chief
- Richmond
- · Lincoln's General Orders

Emancipation

- · Lincoln contemplates emancipation
- Sharpsburg (Antietam)
- The Preliminary Emancipation Proclamation

Chapter 18: To the Bitter End

The Emancipation Proclamation

- · More Important Battles and Events
- Vicksburg
- Gettysburg
- The Gettysburg Address
- · Grant becomes commander of the Union army
- Richmond
- · Sherman's march to Atlanta
- · Lincoln's second inauguration

The End of the War

- · The fall of Richmond
- Surrender at Appomattox
- · Lincoln's assassination
- Final surrender

Chapter 19: Liberalism Triumphs in Mexico

Divisions in Mexico

- · Political chaos in Mexico
- · Santa Anna's dictatorship

Clericals and Anti-clericals

- · Liberalism and the Church
- · The "clericals"

Revolution of Ayutla

• The Plan de Ayutla

The Reform

- · Ignacio Comonfort's presidency
- Ley Juárez and Ley Lerdo
- Secularization of Church lands

A New Constitution

- The Constitution of 1857
- · The Church and the Constitution

The War of Reform

- · Félix Zuloaga leads a rebellion
- · War between the Liberals and conservatives
- The Reform Laws
- Peace and Juárez's rule

The Habsburg Emperor

- Maximilian becomes emperor of Mexico
- · Juárez overthrows Maximilian
- Maximilian's execution

Republic to Dictatorship

- Juárez regains power
- Troubles with the Liberals
- The election of 1871

El Porfiriato

· Porfirio Díaz's dictatorship

Chapter 20: Reconstruction and the Gilded Age

The State of the South

The "Negro Question"

- The views of the whites towards freedmen
- The state and culture of the freedmen

President Johnson's Reconstruction

- Johnson enacts his Reconstruction package
- Black codes
- The Civil Rights Act
- · The 14th Amendment
- The Radical Republicans
- Reconstruction governments
- The Ku Klux Klan

President Grant and the Gilded Age

- Grant's presidency
- The 15th Amendment
- The force acts

Corruption

- "Boss" Tweed
- Jay Gould
- · Grant's second term
- · The Crédit Mobilier scandal
- · The "Whiskey Ring" scandal

End of Reconstruction

- Rutherford B. Hayes' presidency
- · The acts that ended Reconstruction

Chapter 21: A New America is Born

Part I: The Passing of the Red Man

· The state of the Indians

- · Pierre-Jean De Smet
- The Indian question
- Reservations or assimilation?
- · Modoc War
- Sioux War
- Chief Joseph's war
- Cochise and Geronimo
- · The Dawes Act
- Wounded Knee

Part II: The New Age of Steel

- · Railroad revolution
- · New inventions using electricity
- · Industrial competition

The Workers

- · Laissez-faire and regulation
- The laborer's plight
- On strike
- · Organized labor and the beginnings of labor reform
- · Religion and the labor question

Chapter 22: The End of the Century

Part I: Confusion and Crisis in American Religion

The Crisis of Protestantism

- The two strains of Protestantism
- Religion and science
- · New Protestant denominations

Catholicism and Americanism

- · Controversies in the American Church
- · Archbishop Ireland
- The Americanist Controversy
- The pope condemns Americanism

Part II: the Triumph of the Dynamo

Exultation and Depression

- Wealth in America
- The plight of the farmers
- Jim Crow
- · Homestead Strike
- The Depression of 1893
- The triumph of Capitalism

Chapter 23: At the Crossroads

Republican Empire

- War in Spain and Cuba
- · Americans move towards war with Spain
- War with Spain
- Aftermath of the war

The presidency of Theodore Roosevelt

- Progressivism
- The labor question
- · Roosevelt and labor
- Roosevelt on the family

Roosevelt's Second Term

- · The Panama Canal
- · Roosevelt's foreign policies and intervention
- The waning of Roosevelt's reign

Taft

William Howard Taft's policies

The Campaign of 1912

- Splitting of the Republican party
- Woodrow Wilson elected president

Wilson's government and legislation

Chapter 24: The Second Mexican Revolution

The Downfall of Porfirio Díaz

- · Díaz's presidency
- · The fall of Díaz
- Revolution and civil war
- The Catholic response
- · Plan de Ayala

Revolution from the North

- President Huerta
- · The revolution turns anti-clerical
- · The fall of Huerta

The Revolution Turns Radical

- Carranza and Pancho Villa
- President Carranza and the Constitution of 1917
- No re-election

Revolution and Counter-revolution

- President Obregón
- Calles takes control
- · The interdict

The Cristero Revolution

- The peasants rise
- The Cristeros
- · The revolution becomes institutional
- End of the revolution

Chapter 25: The War to End All Wars

Should America Enter the War?

- · Anti-war sentiments
- Preparedness

America Goes to War

- · The United States declares war on Germany
- The pope and the president on the war
- Wilson's Fourteen Points

The End of the War

- · Peace and the League of Nations
- The end of progressivism?

Chapter 26: The Roaring Twenties and the Great Crash

Revolutionary Forces in Society

- Suffragism
- · Automobiles and planes
- Immigration reduction
- Urbanization

The Wild Decade

- The Volstead Act and crime
- The Lost Generation

- The boom years
- · Calvin Coolidge

The Beginning of the Great Depression

- The rise and fall of Wall Street
- The Great Depression
- · The New Deal

Chapter 27: Depression and War

The One Hundred Days

- Roosevelt's New Deal policies
- Opposition to the New Deal
- · The Dust Bowl

Catholics and the New Deal

- Quadragesimo Anno
- The Catholic Worker

Troubles Abroad

- Totalitarian regimes
- · International conflicts
- · The road to war

The War

- The beginning of World War II in Europe
- American response to the war

Chapter 28: World War II and the Cold War

The Second World War

- War at sea
- · War off the Atlantic coast
- The tide turns in the Pacific
- Invasion of Europe and advance into the
- Pacific
- · Allied bombing and invasion of Italy
- Teheran

Catholic Response to the War

The Last Years

- MacArthur in the Philippines
- Invasion of Germany
- · Yalta and the fall of Germany
- · Victory in the Pacific

Cold War and the Iron Curtain

- The United Nations and the atomic bomb
- · Post-war occupation of Europe and Japan Containment

Chapter 29: The Atomic Age

War, Cold and Hot

- The Red Scare
- · The Korean War

"Dynamic Conservatism"

- Eisenhower's policies
- Interventions abroad
- From arms race to space race
- · Civil rights for blacks
- Suburbanization

"Camelot"

- · Kennedy's policies
- · Sit-ins and Freedom Riders
- Kennedy's assassination

Revolutionary Years

- · The Vietnam War
- The rise of counter culture
- · Civil Rights March
- Feminism
- · The Great Society

Post-War Catholics: into the Mainstream

· The Second Vatican Council

Nixon's Presidency

· The Warren Court